A CHECK-LIST OF THE ORDER PROCELLARIHFORMES.

By GREGORY M. MATHEWS.

INTRODUCTION.

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N presenting the Check List of the Petrels, I have striven to include ever! (Fig. synonym to each genus, species and subspecies, and to designate a type to each p. 4. genus and a type locality to each species and subspecies, where in the past one has not been assigned or assigned in error. As in all my previous Lists, every reference has been carefully examined. If any errors are apparent, I hope that readers will inform me at once; even printer's errors may cause trouble later on.

The admission of subspecies will always be a matter of opinion, but as no great hardship is imposed by their admission we can leave them to the "shifting sands." Whether more or fewer forms are admitted, we must record every primary reference; this I feel sure I have done.

In the formation of the Keys I have made use of the works of Coues, Ridgway, Salvin, Loomis and my own, supplemented by the articles and papers published by Murphy, Bannerman, Dabbene, Falla, Oliver, Stead, Peters and the names mentioned in the references. In working out the distribution I have also used the works of these authors and have noted odd distribution from time to time in stray works not mentioned.

I shall use this preliminary list as a basis for my future Monograph. I have placed heinrothi as a subspecies of Alphapuffinus therminieri. One or two other innovations will be found in the List; these I hope will be discussed with the full facts taken into account.

In this order, when the sternum is notched, apparently it is double-notched. In Thalassidromidae and Pelecanoideidae the posterior margin of the sternum is entire, with only a very slight concavity in the outline of each side. In the remaining genera of the group the posterior border of the sternum is always more or less four-notched posteriorly, deepest in the Shearwaters and Petrels, less pronounced in the Fulmars.

Sternum notched in Diomedeidae and Procellariidae.

Sternum not notched in Thalassidromidae and Pelecanoideidae.

In the family Diomedeidae there exists, between the anterior ends of the mandibular rami, a narrow strip of horn, known as the inter-ramicorn, which is not found in Petrels outside this family.

As Coues says, the bill of the Tube-nosed Petrels consists of separate plates, divided by grooves; hind toe missing in Diomedeidae and Pelecanoideidae; only one joint in some genera, or even only a small pimple; anterior three toes large and fully webbed, non-diving except Pelecanoideidae; wing strong and pointed, of ten stiff primaries and many secondaries varying from 10 to 32; tail of less than 20 feathers. They differ in size from Diomedea to Halocyptena; no seasonal or sexual changes of their compact and oily phimage.

Food entirely of an animal nature gathered on the water; eject a repulsive oily substance when approached. [This may be for lightening the body before flight or for defence.] Breed in colonies; clutch single; are silent as a rule and only come to land for reproductive purposes, otherwise pelagic,

TUBINARES. TUBE-NOSED SWIMMERS.

SUPERFAMILY DIOMEDEOIDEA.

Family DIOMEDEIDAE. Albatrosses.

Genus **DIOMEDEA** Linné.

Diomedea Linné, Syst. Nat. 10th ed. p. 132, Jan. 1st, 1758. Type (by subsequent designation, Gray, p. 78, 1840): Diomedea exulans Linné.

Albatrus Brisson, Ornith. vol. i, p. 54, vol. vi, p. 126, 1760. Type (by monotypy): D. exulans Linné.
Albatrossa Brünnich, Zool. Fund. p. 80, 1771. No species added. Type ("by implication"):
D. exulans Linné.

Albatros Lesson, Manuel d'orn. vol. ii, p. 389, June 1828. Substitute name for Diomedea L.

Rhothonia Murphy, Butl. Amer. Mns. Nat. Hist. Vol. xxxvii, p. 861, Dec. 10th, 1917. Type (by original designation): Rhothonia sanfordi Murphy = epomophora Lesson,

Diomedea exulans exulans Linné (25–441). Wandering Albatross.

Diomedea exulans Linné, Syst. Nat. 10th ed. p. 132, Jan. 1st, 1758. Cape of Good Hope. (Fig. Gould, Austr. vii, pl. 38; Godman, pl. 89.)

" ('hocolate Albatros' Latham, Gen. Syn. Birds, vol. iii, pt. 1, p. 308, 1785. South Seas: lat. 37° S., long. 50° W. (the end of December).

Diomedea spadicea Gmelin, Syst. Nat. vol. i, pt. ii, p. 568, April 20th, 1789. Southern Ocean; lat. 37° S., long, 50° W. (founded on Latham's bird), off Montevideo.

Diomedea adusta Tschudi, Journ. f. Ornith. 1856, March, p. 157, South Pacific: 33° S, lat, and 89° W. long, off Juan Fernandez Island, Chile.

Diomedea chionoptera alexanderi Dahbene, Hornero, vol. 3, No. 4, Aug. 1926, p. 338. South Atlantie: lat. 38° 30′ S., long. 56° W.

Diomedea dabbenena Mathews, Bull, Brit, Orn, Club, vol. 1, p. 11, Oct. 31st, 1929. (New name for Diomedea chionoptera alexanderi Dabbene, not Thalassogeron chrysostoma alexanderi Mathews.)

Distr.: The species has been recorded at the Tropies and flies the waters of the Antaretic Ocean, breeding in each of the three oceans. Chiefly between the latitude of 65° South and the Tropie of Capricorn.

Breeding: Gough Island and Tristan da Cunha, in the South Atlantic Ocean.

Diomedea exulans chionoptera Salvin (25-443).

Diomedea chionoptera Salvin, Cat. Birds Brit. Mus. vol. xxv. p. 443 (pref. Dec. 16th, 1895), 1896. Kerguelen Island. (Fig. Godman, pl. 91; Mathews, pl. 369.)

Diomedea exulans westralis Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. xxxix, p. 29, Nov. 30th, 1918: Albany, West Australia.

Distr.: West Australian Seas, and Indian Ocean.

Breeding: Kerguelen Island, Marion, Prince Edward Island and the Crozets; St. Paul's Island, in the Indian Ocean.

Diomedea exulans rothschildi Mathews.

Diomedea exulans rothschildi Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 3, p. 246, Sept. 20th. 1912. East Australian Seas. (Fig. Buller, 2nd ed. pl. 40; Math. pl. 95.)

Diomedea exulans rohui Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. ii, p. 125, Jan. 28th, 1915. Sydney.

Distr.: East Australian and New Zealand Seas.

Breeding: On Disappointment Island, and on the west of Adams Island in the Auckland Group; and on the Chathams, and Antipodes Island off New Zealand, in the Pacific Ocean.

Diomedea exulans georgia Mathews.

Diomedea exulans georgia Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. lii, p. 214, May 27th, 1933. South Georgia.

Distr.: South Atlantic Ocean.

Breeding: South Georgia, Atlantic Ocean.

SUBGENUS RHOTHONIA Murphy.

Diomedea epomophora epomophora Lesson (25-443). Royal Albatross.

Diomedea epomophora Lesson, Annales Sci. Nat. Paris, vol. vi. p. 95, 1825. Campbell Island. (Fig. Godman, pl. 90; Mathews, Suppl. pl. 40.)

Diomedea empomophora Temminck and Laugier, Planches Col. d'Ois, 75th livr. Jan. 5th, 1828, p. 4, error for epomophora Lesson.

Diomedea regia Buller, Trans, Proc. New Zval. Inst. 1890, vol. xxiii, p. 234, May 1891. Campbell Island, New Zealand.

Diomedea (Rhothonia) sanfordi Murphy, Bull. Amer. Mus. Nat. Hist. vol. xxxvii, p. 861, Dec. 10th, 1917. Off Corral, Chile.

Distr.: Australian and New Zealand Seas; flies the Pacific from New Zealand to Chile. Has been recorded at the Tropies.

Breeding: Campbell Island; Forty-fours Islands, south-east of the Chathams; the eastern end of Adams Island, south of Auckland Island.

Diomedea epomophora mccormicki Mathews.

Diomedea epomophora mccormicki Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 3, p. 261, Sept. 20th, 1912. Enderby Island, Auckland Islands. (Fig. Mathews, Suppl. pl. 40.)

Distr.: Seas off Enderby Island north of the Auckland Group.

Breeding: Enderby Island to the north of Auckland Island.

Diomedea epomophora longirostris Mathews.

Diomedea epomophora longirostris Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. liv. p. 112, March 7th, 1934 South Atlantic Ocean.

Distr.: Flies the Atlantic Ocean, on the eastern side of South America, from the tropic of Capricorn to the Horn.

Breeding: Not known.

Genus PHOEBASTRIA Reichenb.

Phoebastria Reichenbach, Nat. Syst. Yögel, p. v, 1852 (1853). Type (by monotypy): Diomedea brachyura Temm. = D. albatrus Pallas.

Phoebastria albatrus (Pallas) (25-444). Short-tailed Albatross.

Diomedea albatrus Pallas, Spic. Zool. vol. 1, fasc. 5, p. 28, 1769. Off Kamehatka, Bering Sea. (Fig. Godman, pl. 92; Gould, vii, pl. 39.)

Diomedea brachivra Temminck and Laugier, Planches Colores d'Ois, 75th livr, Jan. 5th, 1828. In the article on the genus Diomedea, p. 11, for "Albatros de la Chine des Pl. Enl. 963 de Buffon"; cf. also 79th livr, Aug. 1829.

Diomedea chinensis Temminck, Man. d'Orn, 2nd ed. vol. i, p. ex. 1920, October (before 21st) for Pl. Enl. 963.

Diomedea leptorhyncha Coues, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad. 1866 (for May), p. 178. No locality; designated China.

Diomedea derogata Swinhow, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1873, p. 786, April 1st, 1874. Chefoo, China.

Distr.: Occurs from South China, northward to Bering Sea, and then southward along the coast of America to California. That is, north of the Tropic of Cancer.

Breeding: Sulphur Island, Bonin Group. (Volcano Island?) (It has been recorded as breeding on Wake Island.)

Phoebastria immutabilis (Rothschild) (25-446). Laysan Albatross or Gooney.

Diomedea immutabilis Rothschild, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club. vol. i, p. xlviii, June 1st, 1893. Laysan. (Fig. Birds of Laysan, p. 39; Godman, pl. 96.)

! Diomedea gilliana Coues, Proc. Acad. Philad. 1866 (for May), pp. 181-8. No locality.

Distr.: The North Pacific, with about the same distribution as nigripes, but has never crossed the line.

Breeding: The same breeding grounds as nigripes: Hawaiian Islands (Ocean, Green, Middle, Pearl and Hermes Reefs, Lisianski, Laysan, French Frigate Shoals, Necker, Bird and Johnston Islands). Formerly on Marcus Island.

Phoebastria nigripes (Audubon) (25-445). Black-footed Albatross.

Diomedea nigri pes Audubon, Orn. Biogr. vol. v, pp. 327-8, 1839 (pref. May 1st). Pacific Ocean: lat. 30° 44′ N., long. 164° W. Sandwich Islands. (Fig. Godman, pls. 94-5.)

Diomedea gitbosa Gould, Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. vol. xiii, May 1st, 1844. North Pacific.

Phoebastria nigripes reischekia Mathews, Bull. Brut. Orn, Club, vol. li, Dec. 3rd, 1930, p. 29. New Zealand.

Distr.: North Pacific, north of the Line to the Aleutian Islands. Wandering in the non-breeding season as far south as New Zealand (one record).

Breeding: On the outer Hawaiian Island (Ocean, Green, Midway, Pearl and Hermes Reefs, Lisianski, Laysan, French Frigate Shoals, Necker, Bird and Johnston Islands). Formerly on Marcus Island, all between 30° and 15° N. lat.

Phoebastria irrorata (Salvin) (25-445). Galapagos Albatross.

Diomedea irrorata Salvin, Proc. Zool. Soc. London, 1883, p. 430, Oct. 1st. Callao Bay, Peru. (Fig. Godman, pl. 93.)

Dist.: The seas around the Galapagos Archipelago, east to Peru.

Breeding: Hood Island, Galapagos Archipelago.

Genus THALASSARCHE Reichenb.

Thalassarche Reichenbach, Nat. Syst. Vögel, p. v, 1852 (1853). Type (by original designation);

Diomedea melanophris Temminck.

Thalassarche melanophris melanophris (Temminck) (25-447). Black-browed Mollymawk.

Diomedea melanophris Temminck et Laugier, Planches Colores d'Ors, (? 77e) 76c livr. (vol. iv) pl. 456, April 23rd, (? March) 1828. Cape of Good Hope. (Fig. Godman, pl. 97; Gould, Anstr. vii, pl. 43.)

Thalassarche melanophris belcheri Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 3. p. 271, Sept. 20th, 1912. Kerguelen.

 $\it Distr.: {\rm From~the~Tropic~of~Capricorn,~southward~to~60^{\circ}~or~65^{\circ}~of~South~latitude.}$

Has been recorded from the British Isles and the Faeroes.

Breeding: Falkland Islands and South Georgia, South Atlantic Ocean; Kerguelen Island, Indian Ocean.

Thalassarche melanophris impavida Mathews.

Thalassarche melanophris impavida Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 3, p. 267, Sept. 20th, 1912, ex Solander MS.; Tasmania (Fig. Math. pl. 96).

 ${\it Distr.}$: South-eastern Australian and New Zealand Seas to Campbell and Bounty Islands.

Breeding: Auekland Group (Disappointment Island): Campbell and Bounty Islands.

Thalassarche melanophris richmondi Mathews.

Thalassarche melanophris richmondi Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 3, p. 272, Sept. 20th, 1912. West coast of South America.

Distr.: Off the west coast of South America.

Breeding: Ildefonso Island, off Chile.

Thalassarche bulleri (Rothschild) (25-448). Snares Island Mollymawk.

Diomedea bulleri Rothschild, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. i, pl. lviii, July 4th, 1893. New Zealand. (Fig. Buller, Suppl. pl. 5; Godman, pl. 98).

Diomedea platei Reichenow, Orn. Monatsb. vol. vi, p. 190, Nov. 1898. Cavancha, Chile [=?immature of bulleri]. (Fig. Godman, pl. 98A.)

 ${\it Distr.:}$ Seas contiguous to its breeding place and as far east as Chile and Peru.

Breeding: Snares Island, South of Stewart Island, New Zealand.

Genus THALASSOGERON Ridgway.

Thalassogeron Ridgway, in Baird, Brewer and Ridgway, Mem. Mus. Comp. Zool. Harvard, vol. xiii, 1884. (Water Birds of North America, vol. ii,) pp. 345, 357, Intro. March 31st, 1884. Type (by original designation): Diomedea culminata Gould.

Thalassogeron chrysostoma (Forster) (25-451). Grey-headed Mollymawk.

Diomedea chrysostoma Forster, Mém. Math. Phys. (Poris), vol. x, pl. 14, p. 571, 1785. Cape Seas. (Fig. Mathews, pl. 97.)

Thalassageron chrysostoma harterti Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 3, p. 280, Sept. 20th, 1912. Kerguelen Island.

Thalassageron chrysostoma alexanderi Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. iii, p. 55, April 7th, 1916. West Australia. (Fig. Math. pl. 97.)

Distr.: Generally between 40° and 60° of South latitude. Indian Ocean from Western Australia to the Cape. Records north of the line too doubtful.

Breeding: Kerguelen, Marion Island and the Crozets.

Thalassogeron chrysostoma culminata (Gould).

Diomedea culminata Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. 1843, p. 107, Dec. 1843. Bass Strait. (Fig. Gould, Austr. vii, pl. 41; Godman, pl. 101.)

Diomedea culminata mathewsi Rothschild, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. xxxix, Feb. 28th, 1912, p. 70;
Campbell Island,

Distr.: East Australian and New Zealand Seas.

Thalassogeron chrysostoma desolationis Salvadori.

Thalassogeron desolationis Salvadori, Boll. Mus. Zool. Anat. Comp. Univers. Torino, vol. 26, no. 638, p. 2, March 15th, 1911. Desolation Island, near Tierra del Fuego, S. of Sonth America.

Diomedea profuga Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 3, p. 285, Sept. 20th, 1913, 57° 30′ S., 1° 83′ W., S. of South America (not of Gray, 1871, p. 109, which is N. chlororhynchus.)

Distr.: Seas off the South of South America.

Breeding: Diego Ramirez Island, Cape Horn; and South Georgia.

GENUS NEALBATRUS Mathews.

Nealbatrus Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 3, p. 274, Sept. 20th, 1912. Type (by original designation): Diomedea chlororhynchos Gmelin.

Nealbatrus chlororhynchus chlororhynchus (Gmelin) (25–451). Yellow-billed Mollymawk.

Diomedea chlororhynchos Gmelin, Syst. Nat. vol. i, pt. ii, p. 568, April 20th, 1789. Cape Seas.

"Yellow-nosed Albatros" Latham, Gen. Synops, vol. iii, pt. i, p. 309, pl. 94, 1785. Cape of Good Hope,

Diomedea olivaceorhyncha Gould, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. vol. xiii, p. 361, May 1st, 1844. No locality = Cape Seas.

Diomedea olivaceirostris Bonaparte, Comptes Rendus, Acad. Sci. Paris, vol. xlii, p. 768, April 28th, 1856 (new spelling only).

Diomedea presaga Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Avium, vol. ii, p. 185, Oct. 1st, 1857, as synonym of D. chlororhynchus Gm.

Diomedea profuga Gray, Handl. Gen. Sp. Birds Brit. Mus. vol. iii, p. 109, Aug. 18th, 1871, as synonym of D. chlororhynchus Gm.

Thalassogeron eximius Verrill, Trans. Conn. Acad. vol. ix, p. 440, pl. 8, for March (pub. after June) 1895. Gough Island (breeding).

Thalassogeron carteri Rothschild, Bull, Brit. Orn. Club, vol. xiv, p. 6, Oct. 30th, 1903. Point Cloates, mid-West Australia. (Fig. Math. pl. 99; Godman, pl. 102A.)

Distr.: Cape Seas, the Antarctic Ocean, commoner in the South Atlantic and Indian Oceans. Accidental, to Western Australia.

Breeding: Tristan da Cunha: Gough Island. (Crozets, Kerguelen and St. Paul's with a query).

Nealbatrus chlororhynchus bassi (Mathews).

Diomedea bassi Mathews, Nov. Zool. vol. xviii, p. 206, Jan. 31st, 1912. New Sonth Wales. (Fig. Math. pl. 98; Godman, pl. 102.)

Distr.: Eastern Australian Seas.

Genus DIOMEDELLA Mathews.

Diomedella Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 3, p. 275, Sept. 20th, 1912. Type (by original designation): Diomedea cauta Gould.

Diomedella cauta cauta (Gould) (25-449). White-capped Mollymawk.

Diomedea cauta Gonld, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. 1840, p. 177, July 1841. Bass Strait. (Fig. Gould, Austr. vii, pl. 40; Math. pl. 100; Godman, pl. 99.)

Diomedella cauta rohui Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. iii, p. 55, April 7th, 1916. Sydney.

Diomedella cauta wallaca Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. iii, p. 160, June 25th, 1918. New name for rohui, as above.

Distr.: Australian (south and east) and New Zealand Seas.

Breeding: Albatross Island, N.W. of Tasmania: Mewstone Island, on the south coast of Tasmania.

Diomedella cauta salvini (Rothschild) (25-450).

Thalassogeron salvini Rothschild, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. i, p. Iviii, July 4th, 1893. New Zealand. (Fig. Buller, Suppl. pl. 50; Godman, pl. 100.)

Thalassogeron layardi Salvin, Cat. Birds Brit. Mus. vol. xxv, p. 450, 1896 (pref. Dec. 16th, 1895). Cape of Good Hope, South Africa [error? = Chile].

Diomedella cauta peruvia Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. liii, p. 185, May 5th, 1933. West Peru.

Distr.: New Zealand Seas, Bounty Island, and east to Chile and Peru in the Pacific Ocean. (Cape Seas in the Indian Ocean?)

Breeding: Bounty Island, off New Zealand.

Diomedella cauta eremita (Murphy).

Thalassarche cauta eremita Murphy, Amer. Mus. Nov. no. 419, p. 4, April 5th, 1930. Pyramid Rock, Chatham Island.

Distr.: Seas round Chatham Island.

Breeding: Pyramid Rock, Chatham Islands.

Diomedella cauta atlantica Mathews.

Diomedella cauta atlantica Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. liii, p. 213, May 27th, 1933. Off Buenos Aires. South Atlantic Ocean: lat. 35° 44′ S.; long. 53° W., about 120 miles off the coast.

 ${\it Distr.:}$ Eastern Seas of South America from Uruguay to the Horn, South Atlantic Ocean.

Breeding: Not known.

Diomedella cauta steadi (Falla).

Thalassarche cauta steadi Falla, Rec. Auckland Mus. vol. i, no. 4, p. 179, Sept. 25th, 1933. Foveaux Strait, New Zealand.

Distr.: Foveaux Strait, New Zealand.

Breeding: Not known.

Genus PHOEBETRIA Reichenb.

Phoebetria Reichenhach, Nat. Syst. Vögel, p. v, 1852 (1853). Type (by original designation): Diomedea fuliginosa Gmelin = Diomedea palpebrata Forster.

Phoebetria palpebrata palpebrata (Forster). Light-mantled Sooty Albatross.

Diomedea palpebrata Forster, Mém. Math. Phys. (Puris), vol. x, p. 571, 1785. "47° South lat." = 64° S. 38° E. = South of Prince Edward and Marion Islands.

Diomedea fuliginosa Gmelin, Syst. Nat. vol. i. pt. ii, p. 568, April 20th, 1789. South Seas, 47°, for same as Forster's bird.

Diomedea antarctica Gray, Gen. Birds, vol. iii, p. 650, June 1844, as synonym of D. fuliginosa Gm. Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Avium, vol. ii, p. 186, Oct. 1st, 1857 = fuliginosa Gm.

Diomedea fuliginosa var. cornicoides Hutton, Ibis, July 1867, p. 186. South Indian Ocean, breeding on Kerguelen Island, (36° 28' lat., 2° 18' E, long, to 41° 9' S, and 43° 7' E, to 37° 26' S, by 163° 51' E.)

Distr.: South Indian Ocean.

Breeding: Kerguelen Island. This species breeds below the 45° of South latitude.

Phoebetria palpebrata huttoni Mathews.

Phoebetria palpebrata huttoni Mathews, Birds Austr, vol. ii, pt. 3, p. 297, Sept. 20th, 1912. New Zealand Seas. (Fig. Math. pl. 101.)

Phoebetria palpebrata auduboni Nichols and Murphy, Auk, vol. 21, p. 531, Oct. 1914 = Sept. 30th. Mouth of the Columbia River, Oregon error = South Pacific Ocean.

Distr.: Southern Australian and New Zealand Seas.

Breeding: Sub-Antarctic Islands of New Zealand.

Phoebetria palpebrata murphyi Mathews and Iredale.

Phoebetria palpebrota murphyi Mathews and Iredale, Man. Bds. Austr. p. 50, March 9th, 1921, in text (South Georgia) new name for antarctica Mathews, 1912.

Phoeetria palpebrota autarctica Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii. pt. 3, p. 302, Sept. 20th, 1912. South Georgia. Not Diomedea autarctica Gray, 1844.

Distr.: South Atlantic Ocean.

Breeding: South Georgia.

Phoebetria [palpebrata] fusca (Hilsenberg) (25-453). Sooty Albatross.

Diomedea fusca Hilsenberg, in Froriep's Notizen, vol. iii, no. 5 (49), p. 74, Sept. 1822. Mozambique Channel. (Fig. Godman, pl. 103; Gould, vii, pl. 44; Mathews, Suppl. 41.)

Phoebetria fusca campbelli Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 3, p. 304, Sept. 20th, 1912. Australian Seas.

Distr.: South Atlantie and South Indian Oceans from 30° West longitude to Western and Southern Australia. New Zealand record doubtful.

Breeding: Gough Island and Tristan da Cunha.

That is, above the 45° of South latitude.

SUPERFAMILY PROCELLARIOIDEA.

Family PROCELLARIDAE. Fulmars, Gadfly-petrels, Shearwaters and Prions.

Subfamily FULMARINAE. THE FULMARS.

Genus MACRONECTES Rielmond.

Macronectes Richmond, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. vol. xviii, p. 76, Feb. 21st, 1905. Type (by original designation): Procellaria gigantea Gmelin; new name for Ossifraga Hombron et Jacquinot, not Wood.

Ossifraga Hombron et Jacquinot, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Paris, vol. xviii, p. 356, March 1844. Type (by monotypy): P. gigantea Gmelin. Not Wood, Analyst, vol. ii, p. 305, June 1835.

Macronectes giganteus giganteus (Gmelin) (25-422). Giant Fulmar.

Procellaria gigantea Gmelin, Syst. Nat. vol. i, pt. ii, p. 563, April 20th, 1789. Staten Island, off Tierra del Fuego. (Fig. Godman, pl. 76 and Elliot, Birds N. America, vol. ii, pl. 59, 1869.)

"Giant Petrel" Latham, Gen. Synops. vol. iii, pt. ii, p. 396, 1785. Tierra del Fuego.

Proc(ellaria) Basilia Kuhl, Beitr. Zool. vergl. Anat. zweite Abth. p. 140, 1820 (prel. April 9th) as synonym of Procellaria gigantea Gm.

Procellaria ossifraga Forster, Descr. Anim. ed. Licht. p. 343, 1844 (pref. Jan.). Tierra del Fuego.

Procellaria gigas Huxley, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.), 1867, p. 431, Aug. 1st; error for gigantea: and Forbes, Rep. Voy. Challenger, pt. xi, p. 8, 1882, new name of Ossifraga gigantea.

Macronectes giganteus solanderi Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 2, p. 187, July 31st, 1912. Falkland Islands.

Macronectes giganteus halli Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 2, p. 187, July 31st, 1912. Kerguelen. Macronectes giganteus forsteri Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 2, p. 189, July 31st, 1912. Valparaiso Bay, Chile.

Procellaria maxima Mathews, Emu, vol. xxxiii, pt. 2, p. 138, Oct. 2nd, 1933, As synonym of M. gigantea ex Anderson MS. Distr.: The southern part of the three great Oceans, from the Tropic of Capricorn to the pack-ice. Seas off West Australia. Has been recorded north of the Tropic of Capricorn.

Breeding: South Shetland, South Orkney, South Georgia, Falkland Islands, Tristan da Cunha and Gough Island, in the South Atlantic: Kerguelen, Prince Edward and Crozet Islands in the Indian Ocean.

Macronectes giganteus albus (Potts).

Ossifraga alla Potts, Trans. New Zeal. Inst. vol. vi, p. 152, June 1874. Off Centre Island, Foveaux Strait, South Island, New Zealand. (Fig. Gould, Austr. vii, pl. 45; Math. pl. 89.)

Macronectes giganteus wilsoni Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 2, p. 189, July 31st, 1912. Ross Sea, Antarctic.

Macronectes giganteus dovei Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. iii, p. 54, April 7th, 19t6. Sydney, New Sonth Wales.

Distr.: New Zealand and Australian Seas to the Antarctic Ocean. Breeding: Antipodes, Campbell, Chatham, and Macquarie Islands.

Genus DAPTION Stephens.

Daption Stephens, in Shaw's Gen. Zool, vol. xiii, pt. 1, p. 239, Feb. 18th, 1826. Type (by original designation): P. capensis Linné. (Spelt Daptes Blasius, List Birds of Europe, p. 23, 1862.)

Calopetes Sundevall, Math. Nat. Av. Disp. Tent.p. 142 (before June 12th), 1873. New name for Daption.

Petrella Mathews, Auk, vol. xxxi, p. 91, Jan. 1st, 1914. Type (by monotypy): P. capensis L. (ex Zimmermann in Bartram's Trav. Carolina, German ed. p. 293, 1793 (disearded as non-binomial.)

Daption capensis capensis (Linné) (25-428). Pintado, or Cape Pigeon.

Procellaria capensis Linné, Syst. Nat. 10th ed. p. 132, Jan. 1st, 1785. Cape of Good Hope. (Fig. Gould, vii, pl. 53; Math. pl. 90; Godman, pl. 80.)

Procellaria pardela Oken, Lehrb. f. Naturg. vol. iii, Zool. p. 533, 1816. Cape Seas.

Procellaria naeria Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Avium, vol. ii, p. 188, Oct. 1st, 1857. as synonym of capensis. P. naevea Coues, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad. 1866 (for May), p. 162, as synonym of capensis L.

Distr.: Cape of Good Hope, Indian and South Atlantic Oceans. Mostly South of the Tropic of Capricorn.

Breeding: Kerguelen and Heard Island, South Indian Ocean; Antarctica (Queen Mary, Adelie and King George V lands); South Shetland (Gerlashe Strait, North of Graham Land) South Orkney and South Georgia.

Daption capensis australis Mathews.

Daption capense australis Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. i, p. 187, March 20th, 1913. New Zealand.

Distr.: Southern Australian and New Zealand Seas.

Breeding: Islands South of the Snares? New Zealand.

Genus FULMARUS Stephens.

Fulmarus Stephens, in Shaw's Gen. Zool. vol. xiii, pt. i, p. 233, Feb. 18th, 1826. Type (by subsequent designation, Gray, List Gen. Subgen, Birds, p. 129, 1855): Procellaria glacialis L.

Helokippus Billberg, Syn. Fann, Scand, vol. i. pt. 2, p. 192, 1828. Type (by monotypy): P. glacialis L., cf. Austral Av. Rec. vol. ii, pp. 42 and 48, October 23rd, 1913.

Rhantistes Kaup, Skizz, Entwick-Gesch, Nat. Syst. p. 105, April 1829, Type (by monotypy): Procellaria glacialis,

Wagellus Gray, Genera Birds, p. 78, April 1st, 1840. Type (by original designation); P. glacialis L.

Fulmarus glacialis glacialis (L.) (25-425). The Fulmar Petrel.

Mallemucke Martens, Spitzbergische oder Groenlandische Reise Beschreibung gethan i. Jahr 1671, p. 68, 1675. Spitsbergen.

Procellaria glacialis Linné, Fauna Svecica, 2nd ed. p. 51, after July 28th, 1761. Within the Aretic Circle = Spitsbergen. Founded on the above. (Fig. Godman, pl. 77.)

Hav-hesten, en Soc-Fugl, J. E. Gunnerus, Trondh. Selskabs Skrifter, Deel 1, pp. 182-202, pl. i, 1761. Procellaria grönlandica Gunnerus, in Knud Leem, Beskrivelse over Finmarkens Lapper, p. 273, nota 121 (pref. Jan. 29th) 1767. Greenland. Founded on "Hav-hest," id. 1761.

Procellaria cinerea Gunnerus, ib. for "Hav-hesten," id. 1761 (ex Brisson),

Procellaria hyemalis Brehm, Ornis, vol. i, p. 20, 1824. Greenland,

Procellaria melanonyx Nilsson, Skand. Fauna Foglarna ed. 2, vol. ii, p. 347, 1835. Arctic Ocean. Procellaria minor Kjärbolling, Jour. f. Ornith. 1854, Erinnerungsschrift, p. lix, 1855. Greenland. Procellaria borealis Brehm, Naumannia, 1855, p. 296 (after June) as synonym of P. glacialis L.

Fulmarus auduboni Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Av. vol. ii. p. 187, Oct. 1st, 1857; new name for Procellaria glacialis Audubon, Orn. Biogr. vol. iii, p. 441, error for p. 449, 1835. America, designated Newfoundland.

Procellaria glacialis communis Hartert, Die Vögel der pal, Fauna, vol. ii, Heft xi-xii, p. 1436, August 1920, as synonym of glacialis L. ex Brehm, Verz. Samml. europ. Vögel, p. 15, 1866 (nom. nud.).

Distr.: From the Tropic of Cancer, northward to the Arctic regions. Breeding north of 50°.

Breeding: Franz Josef Land; Spitzbergen; Novaya Zemlya; Greenland, Ireland, England and the islands off Scotland (Shetland, Hebrides, Orkneys), North Atlantic.

Fulmarus glacialis rodgersi (Cassin) (25-427). The Glupisch or Pacific Fulmar.

Procellaria pacifica Audubon, Ornith, Biogr. vol. v, p. 331, 1839 (Indrod. May 1st), Alaska. Not Gmelin, p. 560, 1789, which is Thyellodroma pacifica. (Fig. Godman, pls. 78 and 79.)

Fulmarus rodgersii Cassin, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad. for July-Sept. = Oct. 28th, 1862, p. 326. Indian Ocean error = North Pacific. (Fig. Godman, pl. 79.)

Fulmarus glacialis glupischa Stejneger, Auk, 1884, p. 234 (July), new name for P. pacifica Audubon not Gmelin. (Fig. Godman, pl. 78.)

Fulmarus glacialis columba Antony, Auk, 1895, April, p. 105. Off San Diego, California (in October).

Distr.: North Pacific to the Tropic of Cancer.

Breeding: North Pacific, in Bering Sea on Commander and Pribilof Islands; Herald and Wrangle Islands; Kamchatka and the Kurile Islands.

Genus PRIOCELLA Hombron and Jacquinot.

Priocella Hombron et Jacquinot, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Paris, vol. xviii, p. 357, March 4th, 1844.
Type (by monotypy): P. garnotii, Hombron et Jacquinot = Fulmarus antarcticus Stephens.

Priocella antarctica (Stephens) (25-393). Silver-grey Petrel.

Fulmarus antarcticus Stephens, in Shaw's Gen. Zool. vol. xiii, pt. 1, p. 236, Feb. 18th, 1826. Cape Seas. Based on Procellaria glacialis Latham, Index Orn. vol. ii, p. 823, Dec. 9th, 1790. (Fig. Gould, vii, pl. 48; Godman, pl. 43; Math., pl. 82.)

Procellaria tenuirostris Audubon, Ornith. Biogr. vol. v, p. 333, 1839 (Introd. May 1st). Columbia River, North America, error = South Pacific Ocean, Not of Temminck, 1835, which is Neonectris tenuirostris.

Procellaria glacialoides Smith, Illustr, Zool, South Africa, pl. 51, pt. xi, July 1840. Cape Seas.

Priocella garnotii Hombron et Jacquinot, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Paris, vol. xviii, p. 357, March 4th, 1844. Cape Seas.

Procellaria smithi Schlegel, Mus. Pays-Bas, vol. vi. Procell. p. 22, July 1863. New name for glacialoides. Thalassoica polaris Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Arium, vol. ii, p. 192, after Oct. 1st, 1857, as synonym of glacialoides, cf. Salvin, Cat. Birds, vol. xxv, p. 384 (pref. Dec. 1895), 1896.

Priocella antarctica addenda Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. ii, p. 125, Jan. 28th, 1915. New Zealand Seas. (Fig. Math. pl. 82.)

Distr.: East Australian and New Zealand Seas to Antarctica. Ranges north in the Pacific to New Zealand and Peru and in the Atlantic to lat. 35° S., casually to Cape São Roque, Brazil and St. Helena Island.

Breeding: Queen Mary Land (Haswell Island); Adelie Land (Stillwell Island); King George's Island (Penguin Point); South Shetlands (Cape Roquemaurel West of Louis Philip Land); South Orkneys and South Georgia.

? Procellaria maculata Tschudi, Journ. f. Ornith. May 1856, p. 185, Mas-a-fuera Island. Indeterminable?

Genus THALASSOICA Reichenb.

Thalassoica Reichenbach, Nat. Syst. Vögel, p. iv, 1852 (1853). Type (by original designation):

Procellaria antarctica Gmelin,

Acipetes Forbes, Voy. 'Chall.' Zool. p. 59, 1882. Type (by original designation): Procellaria antarctica Gm.

Thalassoica antarctica (Gmelin) (25-392). Antarctic Petrel.

Procellaria antarctica Gmelin, Syst. Nat. vol. i, pt. ii, p. 565, April 20th, 1789. In the Antarctic Circle. (Fig. Godman, pl. 32, and Ereb. & Terr. pl. 33, Mathews, Lord Howe, pl. 37.)

Procellaria lugu! ris Tschudi, Journ. f. Grnith. May 1856, p. 185, as synonym of Procellaria antarctica Gm. Not of Bonaparte, 1845, which is Thalassidroma pelagica (L.)

Distr.: Antarctica to New Zealand and Victoria in Australia, never farther north.

Breeding: Queen Mary Land (Haswell Island); Adelie Land (Cape Hunter). South Shetlands [and South Orkneys?].

Subfamily **BULWERIINAE.** The Gadfly Petrels Genus **PAGODROMA** Bp.

Pagodroma Bonaparte, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Paris, vol. xlii, p. 768, May 1856. Type (by monotypy): Procellaria nivêa Forster.

Pagodroma nivea (Forster) (25-419). Small-billed Snowy Petrel.

Procellaria nivea Forster, Voy. Round World, vol. i, pp. 96-8, 1777 (pref. March 1st), lat. 52° S., long. 20° E. (Fig. Godman, pl. 73; Ereb. & Terr. pl. 34; Cassin, pl. 42; and Math. ii, p. 177; Mathews, Suppl. pl. 39.)

Procellaria candida Peale, U.S. Explor, Exped. vol viii, p. 295, in or before Oct. 1848: as synonym of nivea Forster.

Pagodroma nivea (a) major Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Avium, vol. ii, p. 192, Oct. 1st, 1857, as synonym of nivea Gm. — Forster.

Pagodroma nivea (b) minor Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Avium, vol. ii, p. 192, Oct. 1st, 1857, as synonym of nivea Gm.

Procellaria nivea minor Schlegel, Mus. Pays-Bas, vol. vi, Procell, p. 16, July 1863. South Pole.

Pagodroma nivea (novegeorgica?) von der Steinen, Internat. Polarforsch. Deutsche Exped. vol. ii, p. 250, 1890. South Georgia.

Pagodroma nocaegeorgica Salvin, Cat. Birds Beit, Mus. vol. xxv. p. 419 (pref. July 30th, 1895), 1896; as synonym of nivea Forster, ex Steiner, Dentsch, Exp. Int. Polarf. vol. ii, p. 250, 1890.

Pagodroma nivea novegeorgica Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 177, July 31st, 1912. Falkland Islands.

Pagodroma nivea falklandica Mathews, Bull, Brit, Orn, Club, vol. xlvi, Feb. 25th, 1926, p. 76 ("New name for P. n. novegeorgica Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, p. 177, 1912, preoccupied as synonym of nivea Forster.")

Pagodroma nivea pealei Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club., vol. xlix, p. 19, Oct. 30th, 1928; lat. 64° S., long. 104° W. of Greenwich. (Fig. Math. Suppl. pl. 39).

Pagodroma nivea alba Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. xlix, p. 52, Dec. 27th, 1928; lat. 62° 52′ S., long. 159° 25′ E.

Distr.: The South Pole to Victoria in Australia; the South Pacific and South Atlantic Oceans. Recorded from Bouvet Island.

Breeding: Kaiser Wilhelm Land; Queen Mary Land; South Victoria Land (South Orkneys? and South Georgia?).

Pagodroma confusa Mathews. Large-billed Snowy Petrel.

Pagodroma confusa Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 2, p. 177, and figure, July 31st, 1912. Cape Adare. (Fig. Mathews, Suppl. pl. 39.)

Distr.: Victoria Land, Antarctica.

Breeding: Cape Adare and Robertson Bay, South Pole; the South Shetlands (on the N.E. end of Ludwig Phillip Land; and Cockburn Island).

Genus BULWERIA Bp.

Bulweria Bonaparte, Nuovi Annali d. Sci. Nat. Bologna, Dec. 22nd, 1842, vol. viii, p. 426, Jan. 14th, 1843. Type (by monotypy and tautonymy): Procellaria bulwerii J. & S.

Bulweria bulwerii (J. & S.) (25-420). Soft-nosed (or Bulwer's) Petrel.

Procellaria bulwerii Jardine & Selby, Illustr. Orn. vol. ii, pt. iv, pl. 65, Nov. 1828. Madeira. (Fig. Dresser, viii, pl. 614; Godman, pl. 74.)

Procellaria anjinho Heineken, in Brewster's Edinburgh Journ. Sci. New Series, vol. i, no. xi, p. 231, Oct. 1829. Madeira.

Puffinus columbinus Monquin-Tandon, in Webb, Berthelot and Monquin-Tandon, Ornith. Canar. vol. ii, p. 44, pl. 4, fig. 2, 1841. Canary Islands.

Procellaria columbina id, ib, pl. 4, fig. 2.

Distr.: North Atlantic, on the east from England to the Line.

Breeding: Madeira, the Salvages, Canary and Čape Verde Islands in the Atlantic.

Bulweria bulwerii pacifica M. & 1.

Bulweria bulwerii pacifica Mathews & Iredale, Ibis, July 1915, p. 607, Bonin Islands.

Distr.: Bonin Island to Hawaiian Islands (Johnston, Nihoa, Necker, French Frigate Shoal, Laysan and Lisianski) and as far south as the Marquesa Group.

Breeding: The Hawaiian Group (Bird, Necker, French Frigate Shoal and Laysan); the Bonins (Volcano Island?).

Genus PTERODROMA Bp.

Pterodroma Bonaparte, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Poris, vol. xlii, p. 768, May 1856. Type (by subsequent designation, Coues, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad. p. 137, 1866): Procellaria mucroptera Smith.

Aestrelata Bonaparte, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Paris, vol. xlii, p. 768, May 1856. Type (hy subsequent designation, Coues, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad. p. 137, 1866): Procellaria haesitata Kuhl.

Pterodroma macroptera macroptera (Smith) (25-399). Grey-faced or Greatwinged Petrel.

Procellaria macroptera Smith, Illustr. Zool. South Africa, pt. xi, pl. 52, July 1840. Cape Seas. (Fig. Godman, pl. 46.)

Procellaria atlantica Gould, Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. vol. xiii, p. 362, May 1st, 1844. Atlantic Ocean. Not of Bonaparte, 1824, which is Cymochorea leucorboa.

Distr.: The Atlantic Ocean between South Africa and South America, and the Indian Ocean as far at least as the 80° of long. W.

Breeding: Tristan da Cunha and the Crozet Island; and Kerguelen Island.

Pterodroma macroptera albani Mathews.

Pterodroma macroptera albani Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. i, p. 30, April 2nd, 1912. Rabbit Island, Albany, West Australia. (Fig. Math. pl. 83.)

Distr.: Western Australian Seas.

Breeding: Rabbit Island, Albany, S.W. Australia.

Pterodroma macroptera gouldi (Hutton).

Oestrelata gouldi Hutton, Ibis, July 1869, p. 351. New Zealand,

Distr.: Eastern Australian and New Zealand Seas.

Breeding: Islands off New Zealand.

Pterodroma [macroptera] aterrima Bonaparte. Mascarene Petrel.

Pterodroma aterrima Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Avium, vol. ii. p. 191, Oct. 1st, 1857. Bourbon or Reunion Island, Masearene Islands. (Fig. Godman, pl. 47.)

Procellaria carbonaria Bonaparte, ib. as synonym of aterrima Bp. ex Solander MS.

Distr.: The seas of the Mascarene Island (Reunion, Mauritius and Rodriquez), north to the Gulf of Aden.

Breeding: Bourbon (or Reunion) Island.

Pterodroma maegillivrayi (Gray) (25-421). Black · Fiji Petrel.

Thalassidroma (Bulweria) maegillivrayi Gray, Cat. Birds Tropic Islands, Pacific Ocean, p. 56, 1859 (1860). Ngau, Fiji Islands. (Fig. Godman, pl. 75.)

Distr.: Fiji Islands.

Pterodroma lessonii (Garnot) (25-401). White-headed Petrel.

Procellaria lessonii Garnot, Ann. Sci. Nat. Paris, vol. vii. p. 54, 1826. Falkland Island Seas.
Puffinus sericeus Lesson, Man. d'Orn. vol. ii, p. 402, 1828, June; lat. 52° S., long. 85° W. South Pacific Ocean, west coast of Patagonia (collected by Coquille in 1825).

Distr.: Southern Oceans from a little south of the Tropic of Capricorn to the pack-ice. In the Indian and Atlantic Oceans,

Breeding: Falkland Islands, Atlantic Ocean: Kerguelen Island, Indian Ocean.

Pterodroma lessonii australis (Mathews).

- Aestrelata lessonii australis Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. iii, p. 54, April 7th, 1916. Sydney, New South Wales. (Fig. Buller, 1st ed. pl. 29; Gould, vii, pl. 49; Math. pl. 85; Godman, pl. 48.)
- Procellaria leucocephala Forster, Descr. Anim. p. 206, Jan. Ist, 1844. Australian Seas. Not Kuhl, Beitr, Zool, veral, Anat, p. 142, 1820 which is Procellaria hasitata.
- Pracellaria vagabunda Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 2, p. 155, July 31st, 1912. Not Gray, Gen. Birds, vol. iii, p. 648, June 1844: as synonym of lessoni.

Distr.: Southern Australian and New Zealand Seas, Pacific Ocean.

Breeding: Antipodes, Auekland, Bounty and Maequarie Islands off New Zealand.

Pterodroma incerta (Schlegel) (25-405). Tristan Petrel.

Procellaria incerta Schlegel, Mus. Pays-Bas, vol. vi, Procell. July 1863, p. 9. Cape of Good Hope (Fig. Godman, pl. 53.)

Procellaria sandaliata Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 2, p. 151, July 31st, 1912, 37° S. by 49° W. Not of Salvin in Rowley's Miscell. vol. i, p. 232, and 238, May 1876, as synonym of arminjoniana.

Pterodroma satalandia Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. liv, p. 25, Oct. 31st, 1933, new name for P. sandaliata Mathews.

Distr.: South Atlantie Oeean: from Rio to the Horn and east to the Cape: South Indian Ocean.

Breeding: Tristan da Cunha.

Pterodroma hasitata hasitata (Kuhl) (25–402). The Diablotin or Black-capped Petrel.

Procellaria hasitata Kuhl, Beitr. Zool, vergl. Anat. zweite abt. p. 142, 1820 (pref. April 9th), ex Forster.
Type in Leyden Museum. No locality; designated Guadeloupe Island, Dominica. (Fig Godman, pl. 49.)

Procellaria leucocephala Kuhl, Beitr, Zool, vergl, Anat, zweite abt. p. 142, 1820 (pref. April 9th) as synonym of P. hasitata Kuhl.

Procellaria harlic Voigt, in Cuvier's Thierreich, vol. i, p. 913, 1831 (pref. Easter) new name for hasitata. Procellaria diabolica Lafresnaye, Rev. Zool. 1844, p. 168, Guadeloupe Island.

Procellaria meridionalis Lawrence, Ann. Lyc. Nat. Hist. New York, vol. iv, p. 475, pl. xv, 1848 (after May 22nd), Florida.

Pracellaria rubritarsi Newton, Zoologist, December, 1852, p. 3692, Swaffham, Norfolk (ex Gould MS.).

Procellaria mauping Nobel, Bull. Comp. Zool. Camb. Mass. vol. lx, no. 10, p. 372, Aug. 1916, as synonym of hasitata Kubl, ex L'Herminier MS.

Distr.: Western Atlantie, around the West Indies, north to Virginia, New Hampshire, Kentueky, Ohio and Ontario; recorded for England (Norfolk) and Brazil.

Breeding: Lesser Antilles (formerly Guadeloupe, Dominiea and Martinique, now the mountains of Hispaniola).

Pterodroma hasitata cahow (Niehols and Mowbray).

Aestrelata cahow Nichols and Mowbray, Auk, vol. xxxiii, p. 194, April 1916 = March 31st. Southeast side of Castle Island, Bermuda. Formerly bred on Bermuda. Now extinct.

Pterodroma caribbaea Carte (25–403). Carribean White-rumped Petrel or Blue Mountain Duck.

Pterodroma caribbaea Carte, Proc. Zool. Soc. London, 1866, p. 93, pl. 10, June 1st. Blue Mountains, Jamaiea. (Fig. Godman, pl. 50; Rothschild, Extinct Birds, pl. 37.)

Prion caribbaeum Carte, ib. p. 95, ex Mitchell MS.

Oestrelata jamaicensis " A. & E. Newton, Handb. Jamoica." p. 117, 1881 (cf. Morris, Nature for Dec. 15th, 1881, vol. xxv, p. 151). Jamaica: ex Procellaria jamaicensis Bancroft, Zool. Journ. vol. v, 1829, p. 81, after Feb. 1830. Summit of Blue Mountain Peak, Jamaica, a nomen nudum. Formerly bred on the Island of Jamaica. Now extinct.

Distr.: Formerly seas around the breeding localities.

Breeding: Formerly on Jamaiea and Dominiea.

Pterodroma rostrata rostrata (Peale) 25-404). Thick-billed Petrel.

Procellaria rostrata Peale, U.S. Expl. Exped, vol. viii, p. 296, in or before Oct. 1848, Tahiti, Society Islands. (Fig. Cassin, pl. 41; Godman, pl. 51.)

Distr.: Seas of the Society Islands.

Breeding: Society Island.

Pterodroma rostrata parvirostris (Peale).

Procellaria parvirostris Peale, U.S. Expl. Exped. vol. viii, p. 298, in or before Oct. 1848. Puka Puka = Honden, or Dog Island; Low or Paumotn Archipelago. (Fig. Cassin, pl. 40.)

Distr.: Paumotu Archipelago.

Pterodroma rostrata trouessarti Brasil.

Pterodroma-rostrata tronessarti Brasil, Bull. Mus. Hist. Nat Paris, vol. xxii, for Dec. 1917, p. 432. (fig. in text), Jan. or Feb. 1918. New Caledonia.

Distr.: New Caledonia.

Breeding: New Caledonia.

Pterodroma rostrata becki Murphy.

 $Pterodroma\ becki\ Murphy,\ Amer,\ Mus,\ Nov.\ no.\ 322,\ p.\ 1,\ July\ 14th,\ 1928\ ;\ lat.\ 155^{\circ}\ E.,\ long\ 3^{\circ}\ S.$

Distr.: East of New Ireland and north of Buka and Bougainville Islands, Solomon Group.

Breeding: Solomon Group (?) (New Ireland?)

Pterodroma alba (Gmelin) (25-405). Small-billed Petrel.

Procellaria alba Gmelin, Nyst. Nat. vol. i, pt. 2, p. 565, April 20th, 1789. Turtle and Christmas Islands = Christmas Island, designated type locality. (Fig. Godman, pl. 52.)

"White-breasted Petrel" Latham, Gen. Synops. Birds, vol. iii, pt. 2, p. 400, 1785. Turtle and Christmas Islands. Designated type locality, Christmas Island.

Procellaria variegata Bonnaterre, Tab. Encyclop, Meth. vol. i, p. 78, 1791. Named Latham's Bird Irom Christmas Island.

Oestrelata wortheni Rothschild, Bull, Brit, Orn, Club, vol. xii, p. 62, April 28th, 1902. Pacific Ocean: lat, 3° S., long, 118° 45′ W.

Aestrelata oliveri Mathews & Iredale, Austral Av. Rec. vol. ii, p. 113, Sept. 24th, 1914. Kermadec Islands.

Distr.: Central tropical Pacific Ocean, from north of the Line to a little south of the Tropic of Capricorn, even to 30° South.

Breeding: Christmas Island, Phoenix and Canton Islands; Marquesas and Ducie Islands.

Pterodroma magentae (Giglioli & Salvadori) (25–407). Magenta Petrel.

Aestrelata magentae Giglioli & Salvadori, Ibis, Jan. 1869, p. 61, lat. 39° 38′ S., Iong. 125° 58′ W. South of Pitcairn and Ducie Islands. (Fig. Godman, pl. 55; Rowley, Misc. pl. 30.)

Distr.: South Pacific. Breeding: Not known.

Pterodroma inexpectata (Forster) (25-414). Mottled Petrel.

Procellaria inexpectata Forster, Descr. Anim. ed. Licht. p. 204 (pref. Jan. 1st), 1844. Seas south of New Zealand. (Fig. Buller, 2nd ed. pl. 41; Godman, pl. 68; Math. vii, pl. 369.)

Procellaria gularis Peale, U.S. Explor, Exped. vol. viii, Birds, p. 299, in or before Oct. 1848; lat, 68° S., long, 95° W. (near Peter Island off Alexander Land).

Procellaria raolensis Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Avium, vol. ii, p. 189, Oct. 1st, 1857; as synonym of, P. inexpectata.

Procellaria affinis Buller, Trans. New Zeal. Inst. 1874, vol. vii, p. 215, July 1875. Otago, New Zealand.

Aestrelata fisheri Ridgway, Proc. U.S. Nat. Mus. vol. v, 1882, p. 656, June 26th, 1883. St. Paul, Kodiak Island, Alaska,

Aestrelata scalaris Brewster, Auk, vol. iii, p. 390, July 1896, interior of New York State, United States of North America.

Procellaria lugens Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. 2, p. 159, July 31st, 1912. Tierra del Fuego (ex Solander), not Kuhl, 1820, which is Paranectris griseus Gm.

Pterodroma inexpectata thompsoni Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. ii, p. 125, Jan. 28th, 1915. Tasmania. (Fig. Math. vii, pl. 369.)

Pterodroma neglus Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. xlix, Dec. 27th, 1928, new name for Procellaria lugens Mathews, 1912. Not Salvin, in Rowley's Miscell, vol. i, p. 235, May 1876, nor Gray, Gen. Birds, vol. iii, p. 648, June 1844, which is Pterodroma brevirostris.

Distr.: South Pacific Ocean off New Zealand, northwards to Alaska and Aleutian Islands. From the pack-ice in the south to nearly the same degree in the northern hemisphere. Occasionally off the Tasmanian Seas.

Breeding: On the islands off the south of New Zealand, Preservation Inlet (Akaroa) and Puysegur Point and islets off Stewart Island (Soloman, Cundy and Big South Cape Islands). The Snares, Chatham and Bounty Islands, New Zealand.

Pterodroma melanopus (Gmelin) (25–410). Bird of Providence or Brown-headed Petrel.

Procellaria melanopus Gmelin, Syst. Nat. vol. i, pt. ii, p. 562, April 20th, 1789. North America error = Norfolk Island. (Fig. Math. ii, pl. 84; Godman, pl. 61.)

Procellaria grisea Bonnaterre, Tabl. Encyclop. Méth. vol. i, p. 75, 1791. Norfolk Island. Not Gmelin Syst. Nat. pt. ii, p. 564, 1789, which is Paranectris griseas.

Procellaria solandri Gould, Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. vol. xiii, p. 363, May 1st, 1844. Bass Strait.

Procellaria phillipii Gray, Ibis, July 1862. Norfolk Island.

Procellaria agilis Gray, Hand-l. Gen. Spec. Birds B.M. pt. iii, p. 106, Aug. 18th, 1871: (pref. July 8th) as synonym of phillipii Gray.

Oestrelata montana Hull, Proc. Linn, Noc. N.S.W., vol. xxxv, p. 785, March 1st, 1911. Lord Howe Island,

Procellaria providentia Mathews, Birds Norfolk and Lord Howe Islands, p. 18, Oct. 16th, 1929. Norfolk Island.

Distr.: From East Australia almost across the Pacific Ocean to Ducie Island.

Breeding: Formerly on Norfolk Island, now Lord Howe Island; the Paumotu and the Austral Groups.

Pterodroma brevirostris (Lesson) (25-409). Short-billed or Kerguelen Petrel.

Procellaria brevirostris Lesson, Traité d'Orn, livr. 8, p. 611, June 11th, 1833: no loc. Designated type locality Kerguelen Island. (Fig. Godman, pl. 60; Math. Suppl. pl. 38.)

Proc(ellaria) lugens Gray, Gen. Birds, p. 648, June 1844, as synonym of Pterodroma brevirostris (Lesson). Ex Solander MS. (Not Kuhl, 1820, which is Paranectris griseus.) See also Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. vol. xiii, p. 364, May 1844.

Oestrelata kudderi Coues, Bull. U.S. Nat. Mus. no. 2, p. 28, Nov. 1875. Kerguelen Island.

Procellaria unicolor Coues, ib., as synonym of kidderi Coues (ex Gould).

Distr.: South Atlantic and South Indian Oceans from West Australia, westwards to Tristan da Cunha and South America: south to the pack-iee.

Breeding: Kerguelen.

Pterodroma mollis mollis (Gould) (25-406). Soft-plumaged Petrel.

Procellaria mollis Gould, Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist, xiii, p. 363, May 1st, 1844. South Atlantic Ocean. (Fig. Gould, Austr. vii, pl. 50; Math. pl. 86; Godman, pl. 54.)

Pterodroma dubius Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. xliv, p. 70, March 31st, 1924. North Australia? error = Indian Ocean.

Pterodroma deceptornis Mathews, Nov. Zool. vol. xxxviii, p. 34, Dec. 1932: lat. 36° 8' S., long. 88° 55' E. = New Amsterdam, and St. Paul's Islands, breeding.

Distr.: South Atlantic and Indian Oceans to Western Australia.

Breeding: Tristan da Cunha and Gough Islands, Atlantic Ocean; the Islands of New Amsterdam and St. Paul's, Indian Ocean.

Pterodroma mollis feae (Salvadori)

Oestrelata feae Salvadori, Ibis, April 1900, p. 302. Cape Verde Islands: id. Ann. Mus. Civ. Genova. ser, ii, vol. xx, p. 305, 1899 (1901)? San Xieolas Island, Cape Verde Group (sheet 20, dated Dec. 11th, 1899; date on back wrapper, 1901).

Distr.: North Atlantic Ocean.

Breeding: Cape Verde Islands.

Pterodroma mollis madeira Mathews.

Pterodroma mollis madeira Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club., vol. liv., p. 161. May 31st, 1934. Madeira.

Distr.: Seas of Madeira, Island and North.

Breeding: Madeira Island (not the Canaries).

Pterodroma mollis deserta Mathews.

Pterodroma mollis deserta Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. liv, p. 179, June 30th, 1934. Deserta Island, (Fig. Dresser, ix, pl. 721.)

Distr.: Seas around Deserta Island and South.

Breeding: Deserta Island.

Pterodroma heraldica heraldica (Salvin) (25-414). New Caledonian Petrel.

Aestrelata heraldica Salvin, Ibis, July 1888, p. 357. Chesterfield Island, north-west of New Caledonia. (Fig. Godman, pl. 67.)

Distr. The Pacific Ocean on either side of the Tropic of Capricorn, almost to the Line.

Breeding: Chesterfield Island, Tonga, the Marquesas and the Paumotu Group.

Pterodroma heraldica paschae Lönnberg.

Pterodroma (Aestrelata) heraldica paschae Lönnberg, in Skottsberg, Nat. Hist. Juan Fernandez and Easter Island, vol. iii, p. 23, (before July 19th) 1920. Easter Island.

Distr.: Western Pacific, seas around Juan Fernandez to Ducie Island. Breeding: Easter Island.

Pterodroma neglecta (Sehlegel) (25-412). Neglected or Kermadec Petrel.

Procellaria neglecta Schlegel, Mus. Pays-Bas, vol. vi, Procell. p. 10, July 1863. Kermadee Islands. (Fig. Godman, pl. 64; Mathews, Suppl. pl. xi.)

Oestrelata leucophrys Hutton, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond., 1893, p. 752, pl. 63, Apr. 1st, 1894. Sunday Island, Kermadec Islands,

Rhantistes raoulensis Salvin, Cat. Birds Brit. Mus. vol. xxv. p. 412, 1896 (pref. Nov. 3rd, 1895): as synonym of neglecta ex Bonaparte, Compt. Rend. Acad. Sci. Paris, vol. xlii, p. 765, April 1856 (ex Gould, MS.).

Pterodroma neglecta quintali Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. iii, p. 68, April 7th, 1916. Lord Howe Island.

Distr.: New Zealand Seas, northwards to the Kermadee and Lord Howe Islands. Seas around Juan Fernandez Islands.

Breeding: Kermadee (Sunday and Meyer) and Lord Howe Islands; Masatierra Island (Rapa and Ducie?) and the Paumotu Group.

Pterodroma arminjoniana (Giglioli and Salvadori) (25–413). South Trinidad Petrel

Aestrelata arminjoniana Giglioli and Salvadori, Ibis, Jan. 1869, p. 62. South Trinidad Island, (Fig. Godman, pls. 65-6.)

Aestrelata trinitatis Giglioli and Salvadori, Ibis, Jan. 1869, p. 65. Trinidad Island, South Atlantic. Procellaria sandaliata Salvin in Rowley's Miscell. vol. i, pp. 232 and 238, May 1876, as synonym of arminjoniana.

Oestrelato wilsoni Sharpe, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. xii, p. 49, Feb. 28th, 1902. South Trinidad Island.

Aestrelata chionophara Murphy, Auk, vol. xxxi, January 1914, p. 13, pl. 2. Trinidad Islet.

Distr.: Seas around South Trinidad. Accidental to the United States (Ithaca, N.Y.).

Breeding: South Trinidad.

Pterodroma phaeopygia phaeopygia (Salvin) (25-407). Dark-rumped Petrel.

Oestrelato phaeopygia Salvin, Trans. Zool. Soc. Lond. vol. ix, p. 507, pl. 88, fig. 1, 1876. Chatham Island, Galapagos. (Fig. Godman, pl. 56; T.Z.S. ix, pl. 88.)

Distr.: The seas of the Galapagos Archipelago.

Breeding: Indefatigable Island, Galapagos Archipelago.

Pterodroma phaeopygia sandwichensis (Ridgway).

Oestrelata sandwichensis Ridgway, in Baird, Brewer & Ridgway, Mem. Mus. Comp. Zool. Harvard, vol. xiii (Water Birds of North America, vol. ii), p. 395, 1884. Introd. March 31st. Hawaii Island, Sandwich Island, (Fig. Rothschild, Laysan, pl. 30.)

Distr.: Hawaiian Archipelago.

Breeding: Hawaiian Archipelago (Molokai, Kauai),

Pterodroma externa externa (Salvin) (25-411). Juan Fernandez Petrel.

Oestrelata externa Salvin, Ibis, July 1875, p. 373. Mas-a-fuera, of the Juan Fernandez Group. (Fig. Godman, pl. 62.)

Distr.: Juan Fernandez Group, to Clipperton Island (10° N., 109° W.). Breeding: Masafuera in the Juan Fernandez Group.

Pterodroma externa cervicalis (Salvin) (25-411). Sunday Island Petrel.

Oestrelata cervicalis Salvin, Ibis, April 1891, p. 191. Kermadec Islands. (Fig. Buller, Suppl. pl. 4; Godman, pl. 63; Cat. Birds, xxv, pl. 6.)

Distr.: Seas of Kermadec.

Breeding: Sunday Island, Kermadee Islands.

Pterodroma externa tristani Mathews.

Pterodroma externa tristani Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. lii, p. 63, Dec. 30th, 1931. Tristan da Cunha,

Distr.: Tristan da Cunha.

Breeding: Tristan da Cunha (?).

Genus COOKILARIA Bp.

Cookilaria Bonaparte, Comptes Rendus Acad, Sci. Paris, vol. xliii, p. 994, Nov. 1856. Substitute name for "Rhantistes Reichenbach." Type (by original designation): Procellaria cookii Gray.

Rhantistes Reichenbach, Nat. Syst. Vögel, p. iv. 1852 (1853). Type (by original designation): P. cookii Gray. Not Kaup, Skizz. Entwick. Gesch. Nat. Syst. p. 105, 1829.

Oestrelatella Bianchi, Faune de la Russie, Oiseaux, vol. i, pt. ii, p. 521, Jan. 1913. Type (by subsequent designation, ib. p. 719: Oestrelata hypoleuca Salvin.

Cookilaria leucoptera leucoptera (Gould) (25-416). White-winged Petrel.

Procellaria leucoptera Gould, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. vol. xiii, p. 364, May 1st, 1844. Cabbage Tree Island, Port Stephens, New South Wales. (Fig. Gould, vii, pl. 51; Math. pl. 88; Godman, pl. 69.)

Rhantistes velox Bonaparte, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Paris, vol. xlii, p. 768, May 1856. New name for leucoptera. Not Procellaria velox Kuhl, 1820, which is P. turtur.

Cookilaria cookii hyroni Mathews, Bull, Brit, Orn, Club, vol. xxxvi, p. 48, Feb. 3rd, 1916. Byron Bay, error = Port Stephens.

Distr.: Seas around New South Wales.

Breeding: Cabbage Tree Island, Port Stephens, New South Wales.

Cookilaria leucoptera brevipes (Peale) (25-408). Short-footed or Collared Petrel.

Procellaria brevipes Peale, U.S. Expl. Exped. p. 294, vol. viii, in or before Oct. 1848; lat. 68° S., long, 95° W. (near Peter Island, off Alexander Island, Antarctic Circle). (Fig. Godman, pl. 57.)

Fulmarus aneiteimensis Salvin, Cat. Brit. Birds Mus. vol. xxv. p. 408 (pref. Dec. 16th, 1895), 1896, as synonym of brevipes (ex Gray, Hand-l. Gen. Spec. Birds B.M. pt. iii, p. 107, Aug. 18th, 1871, mude name).

Procellaria torquata Maegillivray, Zool. vol. xviii, Aug. 1860, p. 7133. New Hebrides. (Fig. Ibis, 1891, pl. 9.)

Cookilaria melanopterus Mathews, Ibis, July 1933, p. 541, as a synonym of brevipes (ex Grey, Hand-l. Gen. Spec. Birds B.M. vol. iii, p. 106, Aug. 18th, 1871, nude name).

Distr. The Antarctic Circle, through the Pacific almost to the Line.

Breeding: Aneiteum Island, New Hebrides; Vita Levu, Fiji,

Cookilaria leucoptera longirostris (Stejneger) (25-418).

Aestrelata longirostris Stejneger, Proc. U.S. Nat, Mus. vol. xvi, 1893, p. 618, Oct. 30th, 1893. Province of Mutzu, Hondo, Japan,

Distr.: Seas of Japan and Bonin Islands.

Breeding: Nohondo-shima, Parry Group, Bonin Islands.

Cookilaria leucoptera hypoleuca (Salvin) (25-409). White-breasted Petrel.

Oestrelata hypoleuca Salvin, Ibis, July 1888, p. 359. Krusenstern Rock, near Laysan. (Fig. Godman, pl. 58, and Rothschild, Birds of Laysan, pl. 30.) See Thyellodroma caneata, p. 186.

Distr.: Seas around the Hawaiian Group.

Breeding: Hawaiian Group (Laysan, Pearle, Hermes, Lisianski, Krusenstern Reef, Midway and Ocean Islands and French Frigate Shoals).

Cookilaria leucoptera masafuerae (Lönnberg).

Pterodroma cookii masafnerae Lönnberg, in Skottsberg's Nat. Hist. Juan Fernandez and Easter Islands, vol. iii, pt. i, p. 14 (before July 19th) 1920. Masafuera Island.

Distr.: Seas around Juan Fernandez.

Breeding: Masafuera, Juan Fernandez Group.

Cookilaria cookii cookii (Gray) (25-417). Blue-footed Petrel.

Procellaria cookii Gray, in Dieffenbach's Travels in New Zealand, vol. ii, p. 199, mid-Jan. 1843.
New Zealand. (Fig. Math. pl. 87; Godman, pl. 71; Ereb. & Terr. pl. 35.)

Proc(ellaria) relox Gray, Gen. Birds, vol. iii, p. 645, June 1844, as synonym of Cookilaria cookii (Gray). Ex Solander MS. Not Kuhl, 1820, which is P. turtur.

Distr.: Seas of the north of North Island, New Zealand.

Breeding: Little Barrier Islands and on the Chickens.

Cookilaria cookii pycrofti (Falla).

Pterodroma pycrofti Falla, Rec. Anckland Inst. Mus., vol. i, no. 4, p. 176, Sept. 25th, 1933. Taranga (Hen and Chickens Island), New Zealand (off the N.W. of North Island).

Distr.: Taranga Island.

Breeding: Taranga Island, or Hen and Chickens Island.

Cookilaria cookii axillaris (Salvin) (25-418). Chatham Island Petrel.

Oestrelata axillaris Salvin, Bull, Brit, Orn, Club, vol. i, p. xxxiii, March 1st, 1893. Chatham Islands. (Fig. Cat. Birds, xxv, pl. 7; Godman, pl. 72.)

Distr.: Not common on the seas around its breeding locality.

Breeding: Chatham Islands.

Cookilaria cookii nigripennis (Rothschild) (25-409).

Oestrelata nigripennis Rothschild, Bull, Brit, Orn, Club, vol. i, p. lvii, July 4th, 1893. Kermadec Islands, (Fig. Godman, pl. 59.)

Oestrelatella nigricollis Bianchi, Faunc de la Russie, Oiseaux, vol. i, pt. ii, p. 727, Jan. 1913: error for nigripennis Rothschild. Cf. Bianchi, ib. p. 947.

Distr.: Seas of the Kermadec Islands.

Breeding: Kermadce Islands (Sunday, Meyer, Macauley and Curtis).

Cookilaria cookii orientalis (Murphy).

Pterodroma cookii orientalis Murphy. Amer. Mus. Novit. no. 370, p. 5, Sept. 6th, 1929, 200 miles west of Callao, Peru.

Distr.: West coast of South America between lat. 12° and 34° South. Breeding: Not known.

Cookilaria cookii defilippiana (Giglioli and Savaldori) (25-417).

Aestrelata defilippiana Giglioli and Salvadori, Ibis, Jan. 1869, p. 63. Off northern Chile.

Distr.: Seas around the breeding places.

Breeding: Masatierra and Santa Clara Islands of the Juan Fernandez Group.

Subfamily PACHYPTILINAE. Dove Prions.

Genus HALOBAENA Bonaparte.

Halobaena Bonaparte, Comptes Rendus Acad, Sci. Paris, vol. xlii, p. 768, May 1856. Type (by monotypy): Procellaria caerulea Gmelin.

Zaprium Cones, Bull. U.S. Nat. Mus. no. 2, p. 34, Nov. 1875. Type (by monotypy): P. caerulea Gmelin.

Halobaena caerulea (Gmelin) (25-431). Blue Petrel.

Procellaria cacrulra Gmelin, Syst. Nat. vol. i, pt. ii, p. 560, April 20th, 1789. Southern Ocean, 47° to 58° S. (Fig. Gould, vii, pl. 52; Godman, pl. 81; Math. vol. ii, pl. 91.)

Procellaria forsteri Smith, Illustr. Zool, South Africa, pt. xi, pl. 43, July 1840. Cape Seas. Not Latham, Index Ornith. vol. ii, p. 827, 1790, which is Pachyptila vittata.

Procellaria similis Forster, Descr. Anim. ed Licht. p. 59 (pref. Jan. 1st), 1844. Antarctic Ocean.

Halobaena typica Salvin, Cat. Birds Brit. Mus. vol. xxv, p. 431, 1896 (pref. Dec. 16th, 1895), as synonym of caerulea Gm. ex Bonaparte, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Paris, vol. xlii, p. 768, May 1856, nude name.

Halobaena cacrulea victoriae Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. iii, p. 54, April 7th, 1916. Victoria.
Halobaena caerulea murphyi Brooks, Bull. Mus. Comp. Zool. Harvard, vol. lxi, p. 146, June 1917.
South Georgia.

Distr.: Southern Ocean reaching as far north as Victoria in Australia, about 42° S. lat.: even recorded from Fiji. Generally between the 40° and 60° parallel in the Southern Ocean.

Breeding: Kerguelen Island in the Indian Ocean: Falkland Islands and South Georgia in the Atlantic Ocean (Bouvet Island?). Not on Macquarie Island, off New Zealand.

Genus **PACHYPTILA** Illiger.

Puchyptila Illiger, Prodr. Mamm. et Av. p. 274 (pref. April 1811. Type (by subsequent designation Selby, Cat. Gen. Subgen. Types, Aves, p. 49, 1840): P. forsteri Latham — Procellaria vittata Gmelin.

[? Prion Lacepède, Tabl. Oiseaux, p. 15, 1799 (Dec.). Indeterminable, cf. Mathews and Iredale, His, April 1913, p. 236; and Iredale, Austral Av. Rec. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 25, Aug. 2nd, 1913.

Priamphus Rafinesque, Analyse Nat. p. 72, 1815; new name for "Prion Lac."]

Prion Lesson, Manual d'Orn, vol. ii, p. 399, June 1828. Type (by monotypy): P. vittata Gmelin.

Pachyptila vittata vittata (Forster) (25-432). Broad-billed Prion.

Procellaria vittata Forster, Yoyage Round the World, vol. i, p. 98, 1777 (pref. March 1st). New Zealand. Gmelin, Syst. Nat. vol. i, pt. ii, p. 560, April 20th, 1789. New Zealand, for same bird as Forster's. (Fig. Gould, Austr. vii, pl. 55; Godman, pl. 82; Math. vol. ii, p. 213.)

Procellaria forsteri Latham, Index Ornith, vol. ii, p. 827, before Dec. 9th, 1790. New Zealand.

Procellaria latirostris Bonnaterre, Tabl. Encycl. Meth. Ornith. vol. i, p. 81, 1791. New Zealand.

(Prion) lamellirostris Bonaparte, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Paris, vol. xlii, p. 768, April 28th, 1856, as synonym of Prion forsteri.

Prion magnirostris Gould, Proc. Zool, Soc. Lond. 1862, p. 125, Aug. 1st. New Zealand.

Prion latirostris Gray, Hand-l. Gen. Sp. Birds B.M. vol. iii, p. 108, Aug. 18th, 1871 (pref. July 8th), as synonym of vitatta,

Distr.: The seas round New Zealand from the north to the south and around Campbell and Auckland Islands. Has been washed up on the New South Wales coast.

Breeding: Dusky Sound: islands off Stewart Island and in Foveaux Strait; Chatham and Auckland Islands.

Pachyptila vittata gouldi (Mathews) (25-434).

Prion vittatus gouldi Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 211, July 31st, 1912. Bass Strait, Victoria, (Fig. Math. vol. ii, p. 213.)

Prion vittatus missus Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 212, July 31st, 1912. Perth, South-west Australia. (Fig. Math. pl. 92.)

Distr.: The seas round Australia from Sydney to Perth or even north, especially on the west.

Breeding: On the islands off the south of Australia.

Pachyptila vittata macgillivrayi (Mathews)

Prion rittatus macgillivrayi Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 211, July 31st, 1912. St. Paul's Island, Indian Ocean.

Distr.: Seas around the breeding locality.

Breeding: New Amsterdam and St. Paul's Islands, Indian Ocean.

Pachyptila vittata salvini (Mathews)

Prion vittatus salvini Mathews, Birds Anstr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 212, July 31st, 1912. "Crozets, Marion Island, etc." = Marion Island.

Heteroprion desolatus crozeti Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club. vol. lii, p. 147, June 28th, 1932. Crozets.

Distr.: Cape Seas and Southern Indian Ocean ranging north to Mozambique and the Seychelles.

Breeding: Marion and Crozet Islands, Indian Ocean.

Pachyptila vittata keyteli (Mathews)

Prion vittatus keyteli Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, pt. 210, July 31st, 1912. Tristan da Cunha.

Distr.: Seas of Tristan and Gough Islands.

Breeding: Tristan da Cunha and Gough Islands, Atlantic.

Genus ATTAPRION Mathews.

Attaprian Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. liv, p. 25, Oct. 31st, 1833. Type (by original designation): Procellaria desolata Gm.

Attaprion desolatus desolatus (Gmelin) (25-434). Dove Prion.

Procellaria desolata Gmelin, Syst. Nat. vol. i, pt. ii, p. 562, April 20th, 1789. Kerguelen Islands, (Fig. Godman, pl. 84.)

Procellaria fasciata Bonnaterre, Tabl. Encyclop. Méth. Ornith, vol. i, p. 79, 1791, for same bird as Gmelin's desolata.

Prion rossi Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Avium, vol. ii, p. 193, Oct. 1st, 1857. Antarctic Ocean = Kerguelen Island. (ex Prion rossi Gray, List, Spec, Birds Brit. Mus. pt. iii, Gallinae, etc. p. 165, 1844, nude name.)

Prion dispar Vanhoffen, Journ. f. Ornith. 1905, p. 505, July. (nude name.)

Distr.: The Indian Ocean from south of Africa to West Australia.

Breeding: Kerguelen Island, Indian Ocean.

Attaprion desolatus mattingleyi (Mathews)

Heteroprion desolatus mattingleyi Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, pt. 226, July 31st, 1912. Geelong, Victoria. (Fig. Math. vol. ii, pt. 231.)

Heteroprion desolatus alexanderi Mathews and Iredale, Manual Birds Austr. p. 42, March 9th, 1921.
Cottesloe, South-west Australia.

Distr.: The seas of Southern and South-western Australia, apparently only south.

Breeding: Islands off the south and west of Australia.

Attaprion desolatus macquariensis (Mathews).

Heteroprion desolutus macquariensis Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 231, July 31st, 1912.

Macquarie Islands.

Heteroprion desolatus alter Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 231, July 31st, 1912. Auckland Islands. (Fig. Math. vol. ii, p. 231.)

Distr.: Seas of Auckland and Macquarie Islands, New Zealand.

Breeding: Macquarie and Auckland Islands, New Zealand.

Attaprion desolatus banksi (Smith).

Pachyptila baaksi Smith, Illustr. Zool. South Africa, Aves, pt. xi, pl. 55, July 1840. Cape Seas.
Heteroprion desolatus peringueyi Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 230, July 31st, 1912. Pondoland coast, South Africa.

Distr.: South Atlantic from long. 0° to 20° E. and lat. 55° S.

Breeding: Bouvet Island (?).

Attaprion desolatus georgia (Mathews).

Heteroprion desolatus georgia Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. lii, p. 147, June 28th, 1932. South Georgia.

Pachyptila vittata georgicus Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. liii, p. 214, May 27th, 1933. Same bird as above.

Distr.: Atlantic Ocean from South Georgia through South Orkneys and South Shetlands to the pack-Ice, and northwards to the 40° S.

Breeding: South Georgia, Atlantic Ocean.

Genus HETEROPRION Mathews.

Heteroprion Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 222. July 31st. 1912. Type (by original designation): Heteroprion belcheri Mathews,

Heteroprion belcheri Mathews. Thin-billed Prion.

Heteroprion belcheri Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 224, figs. in text, p. 215, July 31st, 1912. Geelong, Victoria.

Distr.: Australia and New Zealand Seas. The east coast of South America from 35° S. to the Horn.

Breeding: (Islands off Australia or New Zealand?). The Falkland Islands. Probably breeding on the Subantaretic islands of New Zealand, ranging northward to the waters adjacent to Australia and New Zealand; and the east coast of South America to Montevideo.

Genus PSEUDOPRION Coucs.

Pseudoprion Coues, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad. p. 164 (for May) 1866. Type (by original designation): Procellaria turtur Kuhl,

Fulmariprion Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 215, July 31st, 1912. Type (by original designation): Pseudoprion turtur crassirostris Mathews.

Pseudoprion turtur turtur (Kuhl) (25-436). Fairy Prion.

Procellaria turtur Kuhl, Beitr. Zool. vergl. Anat. zweite abt. p. 143, (pref. April 9th) 1820. Bass Strait. (Fig. Gould, Austr. vii, pl. 54; Math. pl. 93; Godman, pl. 85.)

Procellaria velox Kuhl, Beitr. Zool. vergl. Anat. zweite abt. p. 143, (pref. April 9th) 1820, as synonym of turtur.

Prion brevirostris Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. London, 1855, p. 88, pl. 93, June 26th. Madeira error = Bass Strait.

Halobaena typica Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Avium, vol. ii, p. 194, Oct. 1857. Waigou Island, error = Bass Strait.

Prion ariel Schlegel, Mus. Pays-Bas, vol. vi, Procell. p. 18, July 1863. Bass Strait (ex Gould, Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. vol. xiii, p. 366, May 1st, 1844, nude name.)

Pseudoprion turtur nova Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. iii, p. 55, April 7th, 1916. Sydney.

Distr.: The seas of New South Wales, Victoria and South Australia.

Breeding: Kent Group (North-east Island), Albatross Rock, Craggy Island, all in Bass Strait.

Pseudoprion turtur huttoni Mathews. The Chatham Fairy Prion.

Pseudoprion turtur huttoni Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 220, July 31st, 1912. Chatham Islands. (Fig. Math. vol. ii, p. 215.)

Distr.: Chatham Islands.

Breeding: Seas round Chatham Islands.

Pseudoprion [turtur] erassirostris Mathews. Fulmar-billed Prion.

Pseudoprion turtur crassirostris Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 221, July 31st, 1912. Bounty Island. (Fig. Math. vol. ii, p. 215.)

Distr.: Seas round Antipodes and Bounty Islands.

Breeding: The Antipodes and Bounty Islands.

Pseudoprion turtur fallai (Oliver). Smooth-billed Fairy Prion.

Pachyptila turtur fallai Oliver, New Zealand Birds, p. 114, August 1930. Otago, South Islands, New Zealand.

Pseudoprion turtur steadi Mathews, Bull, Brit, Orn, Club, vol. lii, p. 146, June 28th, 1932. An island off Stewart Island, New Zealand;

Distr.: Seas round Stewart Island, and south of South Island.

Breeding: The islands off Stewart Island (Cundy, Woman, Soloman and Betry Islands).

Pseudoprion turtur oliveri Mathews. Flake-billed Fairy Prion.

Pseudoprion turtur oliveri Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. lii, p. 147, June 28th, 1932. Motunau Island.

Distr.: From Banks Peninsula on the east of South Island, north to Cook Strait and to the extreme north of North Island, New Zealand.

Breeding: Motunau Island, Kapiti, Stephen and the Brothers Islands; Little Barrier, Poor Knights and Chickens Islands.

Pseudoprion turtur eatoni Mathews. Kerguelen Fairy Prion.

Pseudoprion turtur eatoni Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 220, July 31st, 1912. Kerguelen Island.

Distr.: Indian Ocean.

Breeding: Kerguelen Island, Indian Ocean.

Pseudoprion turtur solanderi Mathews. South American Fairy Prion.

Pseudoprion turtur solanderi Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, July 31st, 1912, p. 220. West coast of South America.

Distr.: Eastern Pacific.
Breeding: Islands off Chile?

Subfamily **PROCELLARIINAE**. Shearwaters.

Genus PROCELLARIA Linné.

Procellaria Linné, Syst. Nat. 10th ed. p. 131, Jan. 1st, 1758. Type (by subsequent designation, Gray, p. 78, 1840): Procellaria aequinoctialis Linné.

Priofinus Hombron et Jacquinot, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Paris, vol. xviii, p. 355, March 1844
Type (by subsequent designation, Mathews & Iredale, Austral Av. Rec. vol. iv, p. 111, Dec. 16th, 1920): Procellaria aequinoctialis Linné.

Majaqueus Reichenbach, Nat. Syst. Vögel, p. iv, 1852 (1853). Type (by original designation): P. aequinoctialis Linné.

Cymatobolus Heine und Reichenow, Mus. Hein. p. 363, (pref. Sept.) 1890: new name for "Majaqueus Reich."

Procellaria aequinoctialis aequinoctialis Linné (25–395). White-chinned Petrel or Cape Hen.

Procellaria aequinoctialis Linné, Syst. Nat. 10th ed. p. 132, Jan. 1st, 1758. Cape Seas. (Fig. Godman, pl. 44.)

Procellaria nigra Forster, Descr. Anim. ed. Licht. p. 26, 1844 (pref. Jan.), substitute name for aequinoctialis L. (Not Procellaria nigra Pallus, Spicil, Zool. fasc. v, p. 28, 1769, which is indeterminable.)

Procellaria aequinoctialis mixta Mathews, Birds Austr, vol. ii, pt. i, May 30th, 1912, p. 111. Eastern Cape Seas. Type Irom the South Atlantic 300 miles north of Capetown.

Procellaria uequinoctialis brabournei Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, May 30th, 1912, p. 113. West coast of South America.

Distr.: From 60° S, lat. to the Tropic of Capricorn and even to the equator. From the Cape westward to South America and down the east coast to the South Shetlands: westward across the Indian Ocean as far as 100° E, lat.: casually to south-east Brazil, Angola and Mozambique.

Breeding: Falkland Islands; South Georgia; Crozets and Kerguelen.

" John

Same as

Gmelin's

species

Procellaria aequinoctialis steadi Mathews.

Procellaria aequinoctialis steadi Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 112, May 30th, 1912. Antipodes Island. (Fig. Math. vol. ii, p. 112.)

Procellaria fuliginosa, White's Journal, pl. on p. 252, 1790. "Port Jackson" (not Gmelin, p. 562, which is indeterminable).

"Great Black Petrel" Latham, Gen. Synop, Birds Suppl. ii, 1802 (before April), p. 333." Port Jackson."

Distr.: South-eastern Australian and New Zealand Seas. Has been recorded off Peru.

Breeding: Antipodes and Auckland Islands, New Zealand.

Procellaria aequinoctialis conspicillata Gould. Spectacled Petrel.

Procellaria conspicillata Gould, Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. vol. xiii, p. 363, May 1st, 1844. Australian Seas, error = Cape Seas. (Fig. Gould, vii, pl. 46; Math. pl. 79.)

Procellaria larvota Lesson, Echo du Monde Sav. June 1st, 1845, col. 971. Cape Seas.

Procellaria perspicillata Mathews, Check-list Birds Austr. pt. ii, p. iv. July 26th, 1923: as synonym of conspicillata (ex Eyre, Journ. Exp. Austr. vol. i, p. 447, 1845, nude name).

Distr.: Only known from the seas south of South Africa, but recorded for "Australian Seas."

Breeding: Not known (off South Africa?).

Procellaria [aequinoctialis] parkinsoni Gray (25-397). Black Petrel.

Procellaria parkinsoni Gray, Ibis, July 1862, p. 245. New Zealand. (Fig. Buller, 1st ed. pl. 29; Godman, pl. 45; Math. pl. 80; Cat. Birds, xxv, pl. 5.)

Distr.: Eastern Australian and New Zealand Seas and east to the Galapagos Archipelago.

Breeding: Little Barrier Island, Te Moehau, the Waitakerei and Rimutaka mountains and probably on several other ranges in the Auckland, Wellington and Nelson Provinces of New Zealand.

Genus **ADAMASTOR** Bp.

Adamastor Bonaparte, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Puris, vol. xliii, p. 595, Sept. 1856. Type (by original designation): Procellaria haesitata Forster = Procellaria cinerea Gmelin. Replaces Priofinus auct. = Procellaria L.

Adamastor cinerea (Gmelin) (25-390). Pediunker or Grey Shearwater.

Procellaria cinerea Gmelin, Syst. Nat. vol. i. pt. ii, p. 563, April 20th, 1789. Antarctic Circle = seas south of New Zealand. (Not Gunnerus 1761, which is Fulmarus glacialis L.) (Fig. Gould, vii, pl. 47; Math. pl. 81; Godman, pl. 14.)

Procellaria gelida Gmelin, Syst. Nat. vol. i, pt. ii, p. 564, April 20th, 1789. "Inter 35° and 50° South." "Cinereous Fulmar" Latham, Gen. Synop. Birds, vol. iii, pt. ii, 1785, p. 405.

Not "Cinereous Petrel," id. Suppl. ii, 1802, p. 335, which is Thyellodroma pacifica.

Procellaria melanura Bonnaterre, Tabl. Encycl. Méth. Ornith. vol. i, p. 79, 1791.

Procellaria haesitata Forster, Desc. Anim ed Licht. p. 208, Jan. 1st, 1844. Not Kuhl, Beitr. Veryl. Zool. Anat. p. 142, 1820.

Adamastor typus Bonaparte, Consp. Gen, Avium, vol. ii, p. 187, Oct. 1st, 1857.

Procellaria adamastor Schlegel, Mus. Pays-Bas, vol. vi, Procell. p. 23, July 1863:
new name only for typus Bonaparte.

Procellaria pallipes Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 123, July 31st, 1912. New Zealand.
Priofinus cinereus dydimus Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. iii, p. 54, April 7th, 1916. New Zealand.

Distr.: The Antarctic Ocean.

Breeding: Macquarie Island, New Zealand (?), Gough Island, (Tristan da Cunha?), Round Island near Maurituis (?), Kerguelen.

Genus ARDENNA Reichenbach.

Ardenna Reichenbach, Nat. Syst. Vögel, p. iv. 1852 (1853). Type, by original designation, Puffinus major "Faber" of Reich. Puffinus gravis O'Reilly.

Ardenna gravis (O'Reilly) (25-373). Great Shearwater.

Procellaria gravis O'Reilly, Voyuge, Greenland, Adj. Seas, p. 140, p. 12, f. 1, 1818 (May). Cape Farewell and Staten Hook to Newfoundland. (Fig. Godman, pl. 25.)

Puffinus major Temminek, Man, d'Orn, 2nd ed, vol. iv, p. 507, 1840. Newfoundland: not Puffinus major Faber, Prodr. Isl. Orn. p. 56, 1822 (pref. 28th Feb.), which is Puffinus puffinus Temm.

Distr.: Flies the Atlantic from at least 60° N. lat. or even the Arctic Circle to 50° S. or even 60°. Cf. Auk, 1934, p. 507.

Breeding: The Tristan da Cunha Group (Nightingale and Inaecessible Islands).

Ardenna kuhli kuhli¹ (Scopoli) (25–375). Mediterranean Great Shearwater.

Procellaria kuhli Boie, Isis, 1835, col. 257, Heft iii (for March) Corsiea. (Fig. Godman, pl. 26.)

Nectris macrorhynchus Salvin, Cat. Birds Brit. Mus. vol. xxv, p. 375, 1896 (pref. Dec. 16th, 1895), as synonym of kuhli ex Heuglin, Syst. Übers Vög. N.-O. Africa, p. 68, 1856, nude name,

Distr.: The Mediterranean Sea, one record for England. South Atlantic from Brazil to the Cape Seas and on to Kerguelen Island, Indian Ocean. Visits America, according to Murphy, and mixes with borealis.

Breeding: In the Mediterranean Sea, Malta, Sardina, the Balearic, Corsiea and the Cyclads off Greece. Berlengas, off Portugal.

Ardenna kuhli borealis (Cory).

Puffinus borealis Cory, Bull. Nutt. Orn. Club. vol. vi, no. 2, p. 84, April 1881. Off Chatham Island, Mass. United States of America.

Puffinus kuhli fortunatus Bannerman, Bull. Brit, Orn. Club, vol. xxxv, p. 120, May 26th, 1915. Isla Graciosa, Canary Islands.

Distr.: North Atlantic from east of America to Africa and even North Brazil. Accidental to New Zealand (ef. Oliver, Emu vol. xxxiv, pt. i, pp. 23-4, July 2nd, 1934).

Breeding: Azores, Madeira, Salvage Island and the Canaries.

Ardenna kuhli edwardsii (Oustalet).

Puffinus edwardsii Oustalet, Ann. Sci. Nat. Zool. Ser. VI, vol. xvi, art. 5, p. 1, 1883 (1884?). (Sheet mark Oct. 1883). Branco, Cape Verde Islands.

Puffinus mariae Boyd Alexander, Ihis, Jan. 1898, p. 92. Brava, Cape Verde Islands.

Distr.: Seas around Cape Verde Islands, one record for England.

Breeding: The Cape Verde Islands.

Ardenna kuhli flavirostris (Gould).

Procellaria flavirostris Gould, Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. vol. xiii, May 1st, 1844, p. 365. Off Cape of Good Hope in lat. 36° 39' S., long. 10° 3' E.

Distr.: Cape Seas to Kerguelen Island Seas.

Breeding; Kerguelen Island, Indian Ocean.

¹ ? Procellaria diomedea Scopoli, Annus I, Hist. Nat., p. 74, 1769. (No locality given; Mediterranean Sea generally accepted, but cf. Hartert, Yög. pal. Fanna Nachtr., I, 1923, p. 77.)
Coraca.

Ardenna creatopus (Coues) (25-376). Pink-footed Shearwater.

Puffinus creatopus Coues, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 1864, no. 2, March-April = June 30th, p. 131.
San Nicolas Island, California. (Fig. Godman, pl. 27.)

Puffinus? melanoleucus R. A. Philippi, Anales, Mus. Nac. Chile; Zool, vol. xv, sec. i, 1902, p. 93, pl. 41. (Prologo dated June 28th, 1901) Corral, Chile.

Distr. : The west coast of America from at least 35° to 40° south, to the Canadian Seas to the north.

Breeding: On the Juan Fernandez Group (Masatierra and Santa Clara); Mocha Islands off the coast of Chile; lat. 38° S., long. 74° W.

Genus CALONECTRIS M. & I.

Coloncetris Mathews & Iredale, Ibis, July 2nd, 1915, pp. 590-592. Type (by original designation): Procellaria leucomelas Temm. and Laug.

Calonectris leucomelas (Temm. and Laug.) (25–370). Streaked or White-fronted Shearwater.

Procellaria leucomelas Temminck and Laugier, Planches Colores d'Ois, vol. v, livr. xcix. pl. 587, 1835. Seas of Japan. (Fig. Godman, pl. 21; and Fauna Jap. pl. 85; Mathews. Suppl. pl. 36.)

Nectris leucomeloena Heine, Nomencl. Mus. Heine, p. 362, after September 1890, new spelling only.

Distr.: Range extends from coasts of Korea and Japan to the Malay Archipelago and New Guinea; occasionally to Ceylon.

Breeding: Korean Islands of Nishijima, Mikurasima, etc. [The Pescadors and Bonin Islands?]

Genus PUFFINUS Brisson

Puffinus Brisson, Ornith. vol. i, p. 56, vol. vi, p. 130, 1760. Type (by tautonymy): Puffinus = Procellaria puffinus Brunnich.

Nectris Kuhl, Beitr. Zool. vergl. Anat. p. 146, 1820 (pref. April 9th). Type (by subsequent designation, Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, p. 46, May 30th, 1912): Procellaria puffinus Brunnich.

Thyellas Gloger, in Froriep's Notizen, vol. xvi, p. 279, 1827 (May): new name for Puffinus Brisson.
Rhipornis Billberg, Synops, Faunae Scand. vol. i, tab. A, 1828: new name for Puffinus Brisson (cf. Austral Av. Rec., vol. ii, pts. 2 and 3, p. 42, Oct. 23rd, 1913).

Cymotomus Macgillivray, Man. Brit. Ornith. vol. ii, p. 13, May 28th, 1842. Type (by monotypy): Procellaria puffinus Brunnich.

Puffinus puffinus (Brunnich) (25-377). The Manx Shearwater.

Procellaria puffinus Brunnich, Orn. Bor. 1764, p. 29. Faeroes and Norway = Faeroe Island. (Fig. Godman, pl. 28.)

Procellaria anglorum Temminek, Man. d'Orn, 2nd ed. vol. ii. p. 806, 1820 (before Oct. 21st). St. Kilda.
Puffinus arcticus Faber, Prodromus Island Ornith. p. 56, 1822 (pref. February 28th). New name for P. anglorum Temm.

Puffinus major Faber, Prodromus Island, Ornith. p. 56, 1822 (pref. February 28th). New name for P. puffinus Temm. = Brunnich.

Procellaria vulgaris Wood, Ornitle. Guide, p. 215, 1835 (pref. Sept. 24th) = 1836, new name for the Manx Shearwater.

Puffinus scotorum Partington, British Cyclop, vol. iii, p. 429, 1837 (pref. June) new name for P. anglorum Temm.

Puffinus manksii Coues, Proc. Acad. Sci. Philad. 1864, March-April = June 30th, p. 135. New name for anglorum Temm.

Puffinus puffinus bermudae Nichols and Mowbray, Auk, vol. xxxiii, April 1916, p. 195. Gurnet Head Rock, Bermuda. Cf. Dwight, Auk, xliv, 1927, p. 243.

Distr.: Flies the North Atlantic Ocean and has been recorded south of the Line. Breeding: Islands off Wales and Ireland, to the Hebrides, Orkney, Shetlands

and Faeroe Islands; Scilly Islands; Vestmann's Island, Jeeland; Bermuda, 65° W. in the Atlantic Ocean; Azores, Madeira Group, Salvages (the Canaries?); ef. *Ibis*, 1914, p. 472.

Puffinus puffinus yelkouan (Acerbi) (25–379). Eastern Mediterranean Manx Shearwater.

Procellaria yelkouan Acerbi, Bibl. Itol. vol. xlvii, p. 297, 1827 (after April 20th). The Bosphorus, opposite Bujukdere. (Fig. Godman, pl. 29? back fig.).

Procellaria propontidis Acerbi, ib. alternative name.

Procelluria bysantina Acerbi, ib. alternative name.

Distr.: The Eastern Mediterranean Sea.

Breeding: On the islands in the Aegean Sea, Eastern Mediterranean.

Puffinus puffinus mauretanicus Lowe. Western Mediterranean Manx Shearwater.

Puffinus puffinus mauretanicus Lowe, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. xli, p. 140, July 5th, 1921. Algiers.
(Fig. Godman, pl. 29 front fig.).

Distr.: The Western Mediterranean Sea to England.

Breeding: Pityusae Islands (Formantera) and the Balearic Islands: Conejara, off the south coast of Majorea, cf. Ibis 1934, p. 722; and probably Corsica and Sardinia.

Puffinus puffinus opisthomelas Coues (25-380). Black-vented Manx Shearwater.

Puffinus opisthomelas Coues, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad., no. 2, March-April = June 30th, p. 139, 1864. Cape San Lucas, Lower California. (Fig. Godman, pl. 30.)

Puffinus optatus Hartlaub and Finsch, Mus. Godeffroy Cat. v, p. 15, 1874, new name for opisthomelus Coues.

Puffinus couesi Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 67, May 30th, 1912. Santa Cruz, California.
Cf. Godman, Monogr. pt. ii, p. 109, March 1908, under Puffinus opisthomelas, Godman not Coues.

Distr.: From California to the Canadian Border.

Breeding: San Benito, Natividad and Guadelupe Islands.

Puffinus puffinus auricularis Townsend. Auriculated (or Townsend's) Manx Shearwater.

Puffinus auricularis Townsend, Proc. U.S. Nat. Mus. vol. xiii, p. 133, Sept. 9th, 1890. Clarion Island, Lower California. (Fig. Godman, pl. 31.)

Distr.: From Cape San Lucas south to Clipperton Island.

Breeding: Clarion, San Benedicto Islands in the Revilla Gigedo Group.

Puffinus puffinus newelli Henshaw. Hawaiian Manx Shearwater.

Puffinus newelli Henshaw, Auk, vol. xvii, 1900, July, p. 246. Waihee Valley, Ulani = Maui Island, Hawaiian Islands.

Distr.: The seas of the Hawaiian Archipelago.

Breeding: Hawaiian Group (Lanai and Molakai Islands ((extinct?).

Genus ALPHAPUFFINUS Mathews.

Alphapuffinus Mathews, Anstral Av. Rec. vol. ii, pt. v, p. 110, Sept. 24th, 1914. Type (by original designation): Puffinus assimilis Gould.

Alphapuffinus assimilis assimilis 1 (Gould) (25-384) Allied or Little Shearwater.

Puffinus assimilis Gould, Synops. Birds Austr. pt. iv, App. p. 7, April 1st, 1838. Norfolk Island, (Fig. Gould, Austr. vii, pl. 59, Godman, pl. 35.)

Puffinus affinis Anon, Penny Cyclop, vol. xviii, p. 42, 1840, error for assimilis.

Nectris nugax Gray, Gen. Birds, vol. iii, p. 647, June 1844, as synonym of Puffinus assimilis Gould Ex Solander MS.

Puffinus australis Gould, Birds of Austr. pt. xxxv, vol. vii, Dec. 1st, 1848, text to pl. 59, ex Eyton, as synonym of assimilis.

Puffinus assimilis howensis Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. ii, p. 125, Jan. 28th, 1915. Lord Howe Island

Distr.: Eastern Australian Seas to Lord Howe and Norfolk Islands. New Zealand Seas.

Breeding: Norfolk and Lord Howe Islands: Three Kings; Mokohinau; Little Barrier; the Chickens and Cuvier Islands, off New Zealand.

Alphapuffinus assimilis tunneyi (Mathews).

Puffinus assimilis tunneyi Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 71, pl. 73, May 30th, 1912. Boxer Island, South-west Australia. (Fig. Math. pl. 73.)

Distr.: Seas of South-west Australia.

Breeding: Boxer Island.

Alphapuffinus assimilis kempi (Mathews).

Puffinus assimilis kempi Mathews, Birds Austr, vol. ii, pt. i, p. 69, May 30th, 1912. Chatham Islands.

Distr.: Chatham Island Seas.

Breeding: Chatham Island.

Alphapuffinus assimilis kermadecensis (Murphy).

Puffinus assimilis kermadecensis Murphy, Amer. Mus. Nov. no. 276, p. 3, Sept. 8th, 1927. Kermadee Islands.

Distr.: Seas of the Kermadec Islands.

Breeding: Kermadec Islands.

Alphapuffinus assimilis kuhliana 2 (Mathews).

Puffinus bicolor Tschudi, Journ. f. Ornith. May 1856, p. 187. Sala-y-Gomez and Waihu (in-determinable).

Puffinus kuhliana Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. liv, p. 25, Oct. 31st, 1933, new name for Nectris munda Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 59, May 30th, 1912, not Kuhl 1820, indeterninable.

Procellaria cyanopus Godman, Monogr. Petrels, pt. ii, p. 137, March 1908. Nude name.

Distr.: South Pacific, south of the Tropic of Capricorn from east of New Zealand towards South America.

Breeding: Rapa Island, Austral Group, Pacific Ocean.

Alphapuffinus assimilis elegans (Giglioli and Salvadori) (25-385).

Puffinus elegans Giglioli and Salvadori, Ibis, January 1869, p. 68. South Atlantic Ocean, lat. 43° 54′ S., long, 9 20′ E. (Fig. Godman, pl. 36.)

Distr.: South Atlantie Ocean.

Breeding: Gough Island and Tristan da Cunha, South Atlantic Ocean.

¹ What is *Procellaria obscura* Gmelin, Syst. Nat. vol. i, p. 559, 1789, Christmas Island, Pacific Ocean?

 2 What is Proc(cllaria) munda Kuhl, Beit. Zool. vergl. Anat. zweite Abth. p. 148, 1920 (pref. April 9th); lat. 48° 27′; long. 93° = South Pacific off Chile (indeterminable)?

Alphapuffinus assimilis baroli (Bonaparte).

Procellaria baroli Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Avium, vol. ii, p. 204, Oct. 1st, 1857.
 Mediterranean, Desertas, Madeira, Canary Islands.
 Restricted to Desertas, by Bannermann, Ibis, 1914, p. 477.
 Puffinus gracilirostris Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Avium, vol. ii, p. 204, Oct. 1st, 1857, as synonym of P. [assimilis] baroli Bonaparte ib.

Puffinus godmani Allen, Auk, vol. xxv, July 1908, p. 339, Madeira.

Puffinus obscurus atlanticus Rothschild and Hartert, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. xxvii, p. 43, Jan. 23rd, 1911. Porto Santo near Madeira.

Distr.: North Atlantic Ocean, wandering to England and the African Coast. Breeding: Azores, Madeira, Canary Islands, North Atlantic Ocean.

Alphapuffinus lherminieri lherminieri (Lesson) (25–382). Brown-backed Little Shearwater.

Pufflnus [sic] lherminieri Lesson, Rev. Zool. vol. ii, p. 102, 1839, for April = May: "Ad ripas Antillarum" = West Indies.

Puffinus floridanus Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Avium, vol. ii, p. 204, Oct. 1st, 1857: as synonym of obscura Bp. = lherminieri Lesson.

Puffinus auduboni Hartlaub and Finsch, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.), p. 111, June 1st, 1872. Bahamas and Bermuda.

Distr.: Seas west of 40° W. long., along the Tropic of Cancer and several degrees on each side of it.

Breeding: West Indies and Bermuda, Western Atlantic Ocean.

Alphapuffinus lherminieri boydi (Mathews).

Puffinus lherminieri boydi Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 70, May 30th, 1912. Cape Verde Islands.

Distr.: Seas around the breeding locality, to the British Isles. Breeding: Cape Verde Islands, Eastern Atlantic Ocean.

Alphapuffinus Iherminieri bailloni (Bonaparte).

Procellaria nugax a. bailloni Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Avium, vol. ii, p. 205, Oct. 1st, 1857. Mauritius.

Distr.: The Mascarene Islands, to the Seychelles.

Breeding: Mauritius, Indian Ocean.

Alphapuffinus Iherminieri persicus (Hume) (25-381).

Puffinus persicus Ilume, Stray Feathers, vol. i, no. I, for Nov. 1872; p. 5, 1873. At sea between Guadar and Muscat. (Fig. Godman, pl. 33; Cat. Birds, pl. iv.)

Distr.: Arabian Sea from Aden to the Persian Gulf.

Breeding: Maldive Islands, Indian Ocean.

Alphapuffinus lherminieri polynesiae (Murphy).

Puffinus lherminieri polynesiae Murphy, Amer. Mus. Nov. no. 276, p. 8, Sept. 8th, 1927. Tahiti, Society Islands.

Distr.: Seas of the Society Islands.

Breeding: Society Islands, South-eastern Pacific Ocean.

Alphapuffinus lherminieri gunax (Mathews).

Puffinus Iherminieri gunax Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. 1, p. 55, March 5th, 1930. Melapav Island, New Hebrides.

Puffinus lherminieri nugax Mathews, Birds Austr, vol. ii, pt. i, p. 72, May 30th, 1912. Off Townsville, North Queensland. Not Puffinus nugax Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Avium, vol. ii, p. 205, Oct. 1st, 1857. South Pacific Ocean. Not Nectris nugax Gray, 1844, cf. p. 180.

Distr.: Seas contiguous to New Hebrides and Banks Group.

Breeding: Melapav Island (?), Western Pacific Ocean.

Alphapuffinus lherminieri dichrous (Finsch and Hartlaub).

Puffinus dichrous Finsch and Hartlaub, Faun, Centr. Polyn, 1867, p. 244. McKean Island, Phoenix group. (Fig. Godman, pl. 34?).

Distr.: Seas around the Phoenix Group.

Breeding: Phoenix Group, mid-Pacific Ocean.

Alphapuffinus lherminieri minor (Hartlaub).

Puffinus opisthomelas var. minor Hartlaub, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.), 1867, p. 832, April 1868. Pelew Islands.

Puffinus tenebrosus Pelzeln, Ibis, Jan. 1873, p. 47. (Fig. 1 on p. 50.) Locality unknown; designated locality: Pelew Islands.

Distr.: Seas around the Pelew Islands.

Breeding: Pelew Islands, Western Pacific Ocean.

Alphapuffinus lherminieri bannermani (Mathews and Iredale).

Puffinus bannermani Mathews and Iredale, Ibis, July 1915, p. 594. North Iwojima, Bonin Islands,

Distr.: Seas around the Bonin Group.

Breeding: Bonin Group, North-west Pacific Ocean.

Alphapuffinus lherminieri subalaris (Ridgway).

Puffinus subalaris Ridgway, Proc. U.S. Nat. Mus., vol. xix, 1896, p. 650, March 15th, 1897. Dalrymple Rock, Chatham Island, Galapagos Archipelago.

Puffinus Iherminieri becki Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, May 30th, 1912, p. 70. Culpepper Island, Galapagos Archipelago.

Distr.: Seas around the breeding locality.

Breeding: Galapagos Archipelago, eastern Pacific Ocean.

Alphapuffinus Iherminieri heinrothi (Reichenow). New Britain Little Shearwater.

Puffinus heinrothi Reichenow, Journ. f. Ornith. April 1919, p. 225. Blanch Bay, New Britain.

Distr.: Seas around the type locality.

Breeding: At the type locality? Western Pacific Ocean.

Genus REINHOLDIA Mathews.

Reinholdia Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. i, p. 107, Dec. 24th, 1912. Type (original designation):

Puffinus reinholdi Mathews = Procellaria gavia Forster.

Cinathisma Hull, Emu, vol. xv, p. 205, Jan. 1916 (ex Bull, no. 5, Roy, Austr. Ornith, Union, Dec. 21st, 1915). Type (by original designation): C. cyaneoleuca Hull = byroni Mathews,

Reinholdia gavia gavia (Forster) (25-381). Fluttering Shearwater.

Procellaria gavia Forster, Descr. Anim. ed. Licht. p. 148, (pref. Jan. 1st), 1844. Queen Charlotte's Sound, Cook Strait, New Zealand. (Fig. Godman, pl. 32; Math. pl. 74.)

Puffinus reinholdi reinholdi Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 74, May 30th, 1912. New Zealand.
Reinholdia reinholdi melanotis Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. xxxvi, p. 89, July 7th, 1916.
Kaipara Beach, North Island, New Zealand.

Reinholdia reinholdi montaguei Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. v, p. 2, July 17th, 1922. New Caledonia.

Distr.: The seas of New Zealand; and to New Caledonia aecidentally.

Breeding: On islands off the east coast of the Auckland Province, New Zealand; Bream Islets, Mokohinau, Little and Great Barrier Islands, Hen and Chickens, Saddle Island, Alderman, Group, Motunau and Whale Island; Stephen Island, Ruamahur-iti. All off New Zealand.

Reinholdia gavia huttoni (Mathews).

Puffinus reinholdi huttoni Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 77, May 30th, 1912. Snares Island.

Distr.: Seas off the south of New Zealand.

Breeding: The Snares.

Reinholdia gavia byroni Mathews.

Reinholdi reinholdi byroni Mathews, Austral Av. Rec, vol. i, p. 187, March 30th, 1913. Byron Bay New South Wales, error = Five Islands, off Wollongong, New South Wales. (Fig. Math. vol. vii, pl. 367, and Emu, vol. xv, pl. 31.)

Cinathisma cyaneoleuca Hull, Emu, vol., xv, p. 205, Jan. 1916: ex Bull. No. 5, Royal Austr. Ornith. Union, Dec. 21st, 1915. Off Wollongong, New South Wales. (New gen, and sp.)

Distr.: Seas off New South Wales and Vietoria.

Breeding: Islands off New South Wales, near Wollongong (?).

Genus **HEMIPUFFINUS** Iredale.

Hemipuffinus Iredale, Austral Av. Rec. vol. ii, p. 20, Aug. 2nd, 1913. Type (by monotypy): Puffinus carneipes Gould.

Hemipuffinus carneipes carneipes (Gould) (25-385). Fleshy-footed Petrel.

Puffinus carneipes Gould, Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. vol. xiii, p. 365, May 1st, 1844. Near Cape Leeuwin, West Australia. (Fig. Gould, Austr. vii, pl. 57; Math. pl. 76; Godman, pl. 37.)

Distr.: South-west Australian Seas.

Breeding: Islands off Leeuwin; Breaksea, Rabbit and Mutton Bird Island; Recherche Archipelago.

Hemipuffinus carneipes hullianus (Mathews).

Puffinus carneipes hullianus Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 90, May 30th, 1912. Norfolk Island, error = Lord Howe Island.

Puffinus carneipes hakodate Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 90, May 30th, 1912. Japan. (Fig. Godman, pl. 37.)

Puffinus carneipes carbonarius Mathews, Birds Austr, vol. ii, pt. i, May 30th, 1912, pp. 90-91. Off Three Kings, North Island, New Zealand. Not of Bonaparte, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Paris, vol. xlii, p. 768, April 28th, 1856; as synonym of aterrima. Not of Gray, cf. p. 186.

Puffinus carneipes neozealandicus Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. xlvi. p. 93, March 25th, 1926.
Three Kings Island, new name for the following.

Puffinus carneipes zealandicus Mathews, ib. p. 76, Feb. 25tb, 1926, not Puffinus zealandicus Sandager, Trans. New Zeal. Inst. vol. xxii, p. 291, May 1890.

Distr.: Lord Howe Island and New Zealand Seas. In the North Pacific

from Japan, round the periphery to California. Ranges east to Juan Fernandez off the South American coast.

Breeding: Lord Howe Island; Karewa and Alderman Islands, Three Kings Island; Hen and Chickens, Mercury (New Zealand).

Genus **NEONECTRIS** Mathews.

Neonectris Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. ii, p. 12, Aug. 2nd, 1913. Type (by original designation): Puffinus brevicaudus Gonld = P. tenuirostris T. & L.

Neonectris tenuirostris (Temm. & Laug.) (25-388). Short-tailed Shearwater.

Procellaria tenuirostris Temminek et Laugier, Planches Colores d'Ois, livr. xeix, vol. v, pl. 587, 1835. Japan. (Fig. Fauna Jap. pl. 86.)

Puffinus brevicaudus Gould, Birds Austr. pt. xxviii, Sept. 1st, 1847. Green Island, Bass Strait, (Fig. Gould, Austr. vii. pl. 56; Math. pl. 78; Godman, pl. 39.)

Puffinus intermedius Hull, Emu, vol. xi, p. 98, Oct. 2nd, 1911. Cabbage Tree Island, Port Stephens, New South Wales.

Neonectris tenuirostris grantianus Hull, Emu, vol. xv, p. 206, Jan. 1st, 1916 (ex Bull. No. 5, Roy. Austr. Ornith. Union, Dec. 21st, 1915. Ulladulla, New South Wales.

Neonectris tenuirostris hulli Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn, Club, vol. xxxvi, p. 82, May 25th, 1916. Barrier Reef, Queensland.

Distr.: The Paeific Ocean from Tasmania north around the coast practically, and down the west coast of America to California.

Breeding: South Australia, Big Althorpe Island: Victoria, Griffith Islands, Phillip's Island in the Hunter and Furneaux Groups: Tasmania, Ninth Island in the north and Great Actorn Island in the south.

Genus PARANECTRIS Iredale.

Paranectris Iredale, Austr. Zool. vol. vi, pt. ii, p. 115, Jan. 14th, 1930. Type (by original designation): Procellaria grisea Gm.

Paranectris griseus griseus (Gmelin) (25-386). Sombre Shearwater.

Procellaria grisea Gmelin, Syst. Nat. vol. i, pt. ii, p. 564, April 20th, 1789. New Zealand Seas. (Fig. Godman, pl. 38; Math. pl. 77.)

"Grey Petrel" Latham, Gen. Synops. vol. iii, pt. ii, p. 399, 1785, 35° to 50° S.

Procellaria lugens Kuhl, Beit. Zool, vergl. Anat., zweite Abth. p. 144, 1820 (pref. April 9th): as synonym of Puffinus griseus Gm.

Procellaria tristis Forster, Descr. Anim. ed. Licht. p. 205, 1844 (pref. Jan. 1st). New Zealand. Neonectris griseus pescadoresi Mathews and Iredale, Ibis, July 1915, p. 602. Pescadores Island. Neonectris griseus missus Mathews and Iredale, Ibis, July 1915, p. 603. Kurile Islands. Neonectris griseus nutcheri Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. iii, p. 54, April 7th, 1916. Sydney.

Distr.: Occurs in the East Australian and New Zealand Seas, migrating northwards to the Kurile Islands, where it meets the breeding birds from Chile which fly up the west coast of America.

Breeding: On headlands on the mainland of New Zealand, in a few localities and on many islands off the coast, Mokohinau, Moturoa, White Island, Whale Island, Alderman Islands, Kapiti, Chatham's Island, Stewart Island and especially in the off-lying islets; and the Snares, Auckland Campbell and Macquarie Islands, Broughton Island, New South Wales.

Paranectris griseus chilensis (Bp.). Chilian Sombre Shearwater.

Nectris chilensis Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Avium, vol. ii. p. 202, Oct. 1st, 1857. Chile. Breeding Chile.

Nectris gama Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Avium, vol. ii, p. 202, Oct. 1st, 1857, named pl. 56 in Smith's Birds of South Africa, 1840. Designated locality: Pacific Ocean, off Chile. Breeding Chile.

Nectris amaurosoma Coues, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad. 1864, p. 124, no. 2, March-April = June 30th. Lower California (Cape St. Lucas). Breeding Chile.

Distr.: West coast of America from Chile to the Kurile Islands.

Breeding: Chile, high up in the Andes, Cobija: and Wollaston Island, Chile, 15 miles north of Cape Horn.

Paranectris griseus stricklandi (Ridgway). Atlantie Sombre Shearwater.

Puffinus stricklandi Ridgway, in Baird, Brewer and Ridgway, Mem. Mus. Comp. Zool. vol. xiii (Water Birds of North America, vol. ii), p. 390, 1884. North Atlantic Ocean.

Distr.: Seas of South Atlantic, northward to the British Isles. Recorded from Fernando Po and the coast of Angola.

Breeding: Falkland Islands.

Genus MICROZALIAS M. & I.

Microzalias Mathews & Iredale, 1bis, 1915, p. 597, July 2nd. Type (by original designation): Puffinus (Nectris) nativitatis Streets.

Microzalias nativitatis (Streets) (25–389). Christmas Island Black Shearwater.

Puffinus (Nectris) nativitatis Streets, Bull. U.S. Nat. Mus. no. 7, p. 29, 1877 (pref. April). Christmas Island, Pacific Ocean. (Fig. Birds of Laysan, pl. 28; Godman, pl. 40.)

Distr.: The Pacific Islands, from a little north of the Tropic of Cancer to a little south of the Tropic of Capricorn.

Breeding: Marcus Island; Hawaiian Group (French Frigate Shoals, Laysan, Bird and Lisianski Islands); Christmas Island; Phoenix Group; south to Rapa and Ducie.

Genus THYELLODROMA Steineger.

Thyellodroma Stejneger, Proc. U.S. Nat. Mus. vol. xi, p. 93, Nov. 8th, 1888. Type (by original designation): Puffinus sphenurus Gould = Puffinus chlororhynchus Lesson.

Zalias Heine and Reichenow, Nomencl. Mus. Hein. p. 362, (pref. Sept.) 1890. Type (by subsequent designation, Mathews, List Birds Austr. p. 33, Dec. 1913): P. chlororhynchus Lesson.

Thyellodroma pacifica pacifica (Gmelin). Dark Wedge-tailed Shearwater.

Procellaria pacifica Gmelin, Syst. Nat. vol. i, pt. ii, p. 560, April 20th, 1789. Pacific Ocean, restricted to Kermadec Islands. (Fig. Mathews, pl. 75.)

Founded on "Pacific Petrel," Latham, Gen. Synop. Birds, vol. iii, pt. ii, 1785, p. 416.

Cincreous Petrel, ib. Suppl. ii, 1802, p. 335, not of 1785, p. 405, which is Adamstor cincrea.

Puffinus chlororhynchus iredalei Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. xxvii, p. 40, Dec. 31st, 1910.
Kermadee Island.

Puffinus pacificus royanus Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 85, May 30th, 1912. Sydney, New South Wales.

Puffiuns pacificus whitneyi Lowe, Bull. Brit. Orn, Club, vol. xlv, p. 106, May 30th, 1925. Fiji Islands,

Distr.: Fiji to eastern Australian and New Zealand Seas, and to the Phoenix and Society Islands.

Breeding: Kermadec Islands; Lord Howe and Norfolk Islands; Islands off Queensland, Raine and Capricorn: off New South Wales, South Solitary, North Coffs, Broughton, Big Cabbage Tree, Big Bird, Five, Brush, Tollgate and Montague Islands; Fiji (Kandavn); Phoenix and Society Islands.

Thyellodroma pacifica chlororhyncha (Lesson) (25-372).

Puffinus chlororhynchus Lesson, Traité d'Orn, livr, viii, p. 613, June 11th, 1831. No loc, restricted to Slope Island, Shark's Bay, West Australia. (Fig. Gould, Austr. vii, pl. 58; Godman, pl. 24.)
Puffinus sphenurus Gould, Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. vol. xiii, p. 365, May 1st, 1844. Houtman's Abrolhos, Western Australia.

Proc(ellaria) carbonaria Gray, Gen. Birds, vol. iii, p. 647, June 1844; as synonym of P. chloro-rhynchus Lesson.

Distr.: Seas of Western Australia.

Breeding: Islands off West Australia, Carnac, Abrolhos, Rat, Rottnest and Slope Islands. The Dampier Archipelago.

Thyellodroma pacifica hamiltoni (Mathews).

Puffinus pacificus hamiltoni Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 82, May 30th, 1912. Consine, Island, Sevehelles.

Distr.: Seas around the Mascarene Group to Seychelles and east to Christmas Island, Indian Ocean.

Breeding: Seychelles (Aride and Cousine Islands): Round, Réunion and Mauritius in the Mascarene Group, Indian Ocean.

Thyellodroma pacifica alleni (Mathews).

Puffinus pacificus alleni Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 83, May 30th, 1912. San Benedicto Island, Revilla Gigedos.

Distr.: Seas of the Revilla Gigedo Group.

Breeding: Revilla Gigedo Group (San Benedicto) off Mexico.

Thyellodroma pacifica cuneata (Salvin) (25–371). Light Wedge-tailed Shearwater.

Puffinus cuneatus Salvin, Ihis, July 1888, p. 353. Krusenstern Rock, near Laysan. (Fig. Godman, pl. 22, and Av. Hawa. pt. iv.) See Cookilaria hypoleuca, p. 170.

Puffinus knudseni Stejneger, Proc. U.S. Nat. Mus. vol. xi, p. 93, Nov. 8th, 1888. Hawaii. (Fig. Av. Hawa, pt. iv.)

 $\label{eq:puffine} \textit{Puffinus pacificus laysani} \ \text{Mathews}, \textit{Birds Austr}, \ \text{vol. ii, pt. i, p. 83, May 30th, 1912.} \ \ \text{Laysan Islands.}$

Distr.: From the Bonin Islands, south to the Line and east to 140° W. long. Bonin, Vulcan, Marshall Islands.

Breeding: From the Bonins to the Hawaiian Archipelago (Kauai, Necker, Laysan, Bird, French Frigate Shoals and Lisiansky Islands), Sulphur, Marcus, Caroline, Surprise, McKeans, Willis, Borabora, and Fanning Islands.

Thyellobroma pacifica bulleri (Salvin) (25-371). Ashy-back or New Zealand Shearwater.

Puffinus bulleri Salvin, Ibis, July 1888, p. 354. New Zealand. (Fig. Buller, 2nd ed. pl. 41; Godman, pl. 23.)

Puffinus zealandicus Sandager, Trans. New Zeal. Inst. 1889, vol. xxii, p. 291, May 1890. Mokohinau New Zealand.

Distr.: From the east coast of the Auckland Peninsula, New Zealand, across the Pacific to California.

Breeding: Poor Knights Island [and Mayor Island?] off New Zealand.

Family **THALASSIDROMIDAE** (Hydrobatidae). Short-legged Storm-Petrels. Genus **THALASSIDROMA** Vigors.

Thalassidroma Vigors, Zool. Journ. vol. ii, no. 7, p. 405, 1825 (for October). Type (by original designation): Procellaria pelagica L.

Hydrobates Boie, Isis, 1822, col. 562, heft v, for May. Type (by subsequent designation, Baird, Brewer and Ridgway, Water Birds of North Amer. vol. ii, p. 403, 1884): Procellaria pelagica L. (not Hydrobata Vieillot, Analyse, p. 42, 1816.)

Zalochelidon Billberg, Synops, Faun. Scand. vol. i, pt. ii, 1828. Type (by monotypy): Procellaria pelagica L. Cf. Austral Av. Rec. vol. ii, pp. 42 and 48, Oct. 23rd, 1913.

Thalassidroma pelagica pelagica (Linné) (25-342). Storm Petrel.

Procellaria pelagica Linné, Syst. Nat. ed. 10, vol. i, Jan. 1st, 1758, p. 131, in albo (= alto) Oceano. Restricted type locality; coast of Sweden. (Fig. Godman, pl. 1.)

Hydrobates faeroecasis Brehm, Handb. Naturg. Vögel Deutschl. p. 803, 1831 (a substitute name for pelagica L.)

Thalassidroma minor Brehm, Vögelfang, p. 353, 1855 (pref. Nov. 8th, 1854). North Sea.

Thalassidroma albi-fasciata Brehm, Vögelfang. p. 354, 1855 (pref. Nov. 8th, 1854). North Sea.

Thal(assidroma) tenuirostris Brehm, Naumannia, 1855, as synonym of T. pelagico (L.).

Thalassidroma fasciolata Tschudi, Journ. f. Ornith. 1856, p. 180, May, a substitute name for pelagica L. Thalassidroma dubia Mathews, Ibis, July 1933, p. 541, as synonym of pelagica L. (ex Tschudi, Journ. f. Ornith. 1856, p. 190, nude name.)

Distr.: Northern Atlantic Ocean, to the Lofoten Islands; the north-west coast of Canada in the later summer: to the Cape Seas and the west coast of Africa.

Breeding: Vestmans Island off Iceland; Lofoten Islands off Northern Norway; Facroes; Shetland and Orkneys and off Scotland; islands off Pembrokeshire and Wales and off Northern Ireland. Bass Rock; the Scillys; some Channel Islands and some off Brittany; off South Spain.

Thalassidroma pelagica melitensis Schembri.

Thalassidroma melitensis Schembri, Cat. Orn. del Gruppo di Malta, p. 118, pl. 5, 1843. Malta. Procellaria lugubris Bonaparte, Atti Scienzati Italiani Milano, vol. vi, 1844, p. 445, 1845 (Sept. 26th). Mediterranean Sea; designated locality, Malta (ex Natterer).

Distr.: The Mediterranean Sea.

Breeding: Corsica, Lipare (Italy); islands off Malta; the Balearie Islands (Eviza).

Genus TETHYSIA Mathews.

Tethysia Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. liii, p. 154, March 25th, 1933. Type (by original designation): T. tethys Bp.

Tethysia tethys (Bonaparte) (25–346). The Galapagos White-rumped Storm Petrel.

Thalassidroma tethys Bonaparte, Journ. f. Orn. vol. i, Jan. 1852, p. 47. Galapagos Islands. (Fig. Godman, pl. 2.)

 ${\it Distr.}$: Seas between Galapagos Archipelago and the mainland of Northern South America.

Breeding: Galapagos Archipelago (Lower Island).

Tethysia tethys kelsalli (Lowe).

Thalassidroma tethys kelsalli Lowe, Bull, Brit, Orn, Club, vol. xlvi, p. 6, Nov. 4th, 1925. Ancon, Pern.

Distr.: Pernyian Coast.

Breeding: San Gallen and Pescadores Islands, off Peru.

Genus HALOCYPTENA Coues.

Halocyptena Coues, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad. 1864, p. 78, no. 2, March-April = June 30th. Type (by original designation) Halocyptena microsoma Cones.

Halocyptena microsoma Coues (25-346). Least Storm Petrel.

Halocyptena microsoma Coues, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad. 1864, p. 79, no. 2, March-April = June 30th. San José del Cabo, Lower California. (Fig. Godman, pl. 3, and Elliot, 2, p. 61.)

Distr.: The coast of West America from California to the Line (Equador).

Breeding: San Benito Island, Lower California; Isla Partida: San Esteban.

San Luis Islands, Consag Rock; (Islands in the Gulf of California).

Genus OCEANODROMA Reichenbach.

Oceanodroma Reichenbach, Nat. Syst. l'ögel, p. iv, 1852 (1853). Type (by original designation)
Procellaria furcata Gmelin.

Oceanodroma furcata (Gmelin) (25-357). Fork-tail Petrel.

Procellaria furcata Gmelin, Syst. Not. vol. i, pt. ii, p. 561, April 20th, 1789. Icy seas between America and Asia = Bering Sea. (Fig. Godman, pl. xi.)

Procellaria orientolis Pallas, Zoogr. Rosso-Asiat. vol. ii, p. 315, 1811. Kurile Islands and Unalaska. Procellaria fuscata (sic) Pallas, ib. for the description in Pennant's Zool. Arct. vol. ii, p. 535, no. 463, 1785.

Th(alassidroma) cinerea Gray. Gen. Birds, vol. iii, p. 648, June 1844: as synonym of P. furcata Gm, (ex Gould).

Thalassidroma plumbea Peale, U.S. Explor. Exped. Birds, vol. viii, p. 292, Oct. 1848: as synonym of furcata Gm.

Procellaria cana Bianchi, Faune de la Russie Ois. vol. i, pt. ii, p. 564, Jan. 1913: as synonym of furcata; ex Procellaria cana Pallas, Georgi, Geogr.—phys. Beschr. Russ. Reicks. vol. iii, Abt. vii, p. 1754, no description, 1801. Im Ostmeer um die Inseln = Kurile Islands.

Distr.: Northern Pacific Ocean on the American coast from North lat. 33° to Bering Sea; to Kotzebue Sound in Alaska and opposite in Siberia, then south to Kobe in Japan.

Breeding: Alcutian Islands to Copper Island and perhaps the Kurile Islands; Chica Rocks, Sitka Sound, Agattu (South and Forrester, and St. Lazaria Islands); Oregon (Bird rocks off Netarts Bay); California (Sugarloaf Rock, Trinidad, Humboldt Co., and Whaler Island, near Crescent City, Del Norte).

Genus BANNERMANIA M. & I.

Bannermania Mathews and Iredale, Ibis, July 1915, p. 578. Type (by monotypy) Thalassidroma hornbyi Gray.

Bannermania hornbyi (Gray) (25–356). Banded Fork-tail (or Chilian Fork-tail) Petrel.

Thalassidroma hornbyi Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. 1853, p. 62 = July 25th, 1854. North-west coast of South America. (Fig. Godman, pl. 10.)

Procellaria (Oceanites) callaris Philippi, l'erhandl-Deutschen wissensch, Vereins Santiago, vol. iii, pt. i, p. 11 and plate, 1895. Tableland east of Taltal, Chile. Cf. id. Anales Mus. Nac. Chile Zool. no. 15, p. 90, pl. 42, fig. 3, 1902. Taltal, Chile.

Distr.: Occurse only along the western coast of South America from 32° South to the Line.

Breeding: Taltal, Chile, lat 25° 25′ 20″ south and long. 70° 34′ 10″ west.

Genus CYMOCHOREA Coues.

Cymochorea Coues, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad. 1864, p. 75, no. 2. March-April = June 30th. Type (by original designation) Procellaria leucorhoa Vieillot.

Pacificodroma Bianchi, Faune de la Russie Ois. vol. i, pt. ii, pp. 516, 559, Jan. 1913. Type (by original designation) Thalassidroma monorhis Swinhoe.

Loomelania Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. liv, p. 119, March 29th, 1934. Type (by original designation) Procellaria melania Bp.

Cymochorea leucorhoa (Vieillot) (25-345). Leaches Fork-tail Petrel.

Procellaria lencorhoa Vieillot, Nouv. Dict. Hist. Nat. vol. xxv, 1817 = Dec. 26th, 1818, p. 422.

Maritime parts of Picardy. (Fig. Godman, pl. 4.)

Procellaria leachii Temminek, Man, d'Orn, 2nd ed. p. 812, 1820 (before Oct, 21st). St. Kilda,

Procellaria atlantica Bonaparte, Journ, Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad. vol. iii, p. 230, 1823 = Jan. 1824, Newfoundland.

Procellaria bullockii Fleming, Hist. Brit. Anim. p. 136, 1828 (before April 1st). St. Kilda.

Distr.: Atlantic from Greenland to the Mediterranean Sea.

Breeding: Atlantic Ocean (North-east), Vestman's Islets, Ieeland; The Flannans, St. Kilda Group and north Rona, Scotland; off Mayo and Kerry in Ireland; on the western side off Mainc, between Muscongers Bay and Machias Bay and north to Greenland.

Cymochorea leucorhoa beali (Emerson).

Oceanodroma beali Emerson, Condor, vol. viii, March 20th, 1906, p. 54. Sitka Bay, Alaska.
Oceanodroma beldingi Emerson, Condor, vol. viii, March 20th, 1906, p. 54. Netarts Bay, coast of Oregon.

Distr.: Pacific from Bering Sea to South of the Line.

Breeding: Pacific (N.W.), Sitka Sound (South and Forrester Island), Oregon, rocks off Netarts Bay: Olympiads, near Cape Flattery, Washington State; Bering Sea, rocky islets off Attu, Kyska. Amtchitka in the Aleutian Islands to Copper Island, near Commander Islands, and the Kurile Islands.

Cymochorea leucorhoa kaedingi (Anthony).

Oceanodroma kaedingi Anthony, Auk. vol. xv, Jan. 1898, p. 37. At sea near Guadalupe Island, Lower California.

Distr.: California south to Charion and Socorro Islands.

Breeding: Guadalupe Island, Lower California.

Cymochorea leucorhoa monorhis (Swinhoe) (25-356). Uniform Fork-tailed Petrel.

Thalassidroma monorhis Swinhoe, Ibis, Oct. 1867, p. 386. Near Amoy, China. (Fig. Godman, pl. 9; Cat. Birds, pl. 2.)

Distr.: China and Japan to Java and Sumatra.

Breeding: The small islands off N.W. Formosa.

Cymochorea leucorhoa socorroensis (Townsend) (25–352).

Oceanodroma socorroensis Townsend, Proc. U.S. Nat. Mus. vol. xiii, p. 134, Sept. 9th, 1890. Socorro Island, Revilla Gigedo Archipelago, Lower California.

Oceanodroma monorhis chapmani Berlepsch, Auk, vol. xxiii, April 1906, p. 185. San Benito Island.

Distr.: California south to the Galapagos.

Breeding: On the islands off Lower California and west coast of Mexico. (Castle Island, off Point St. George Island and Whaler Island, Sugarloaf Rock,

near Trinidad (Calif.), both near Crescent City, Del Norte (Calif.), South Farallons, Los Coronados, and San Benito (Calif.).

Cymochorea [monorhis] homochroa Cones (25–255). Ashy Fork-tail Petrel.

Cymochorea homochrou Coues, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad. 1864, p. 77, no. 2, March-April = June 30th. Farallon Islands, California. (Fig. Godman, pl. 8.)

Distr.: Confined to the western coast of America between 38° and 33° North. San Francisco to Los Coronados Islands.

Breeding: South-east Farallon Island; on some of the Santa Barbara Island, San Miguel Island, and Santa Cruz; and Los Coronados Islands, Mexico.

Cymochorea macrodactyla (Bryant) (25-351). Guadalupe Fork-tail Petrel.

Oceanodroma leucorhoa macrodactyla Bryant, Bull. Catif. Acad. Sci. vol. ii, no. 8, p. 450, July 25th, 1887. Guadalupe Island, Lower California. (Fig. Godman, pl. 5A.)

Distr.: Seas around the breeding locality.

Breeding: Guadalupe Island only, California (Extinct?).

Cymochorea melania melania (Bonaparte) (25-353). Black Fork-tail Petrel.

Procellaria melania Bonaparte, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Paris, vol. xxxviii, 1854 (April 3rd), p. 662. Coast of California. (Fig. Godman, pl. 6.)

Procellaria scapulata Bonaparte, Consp. Gen. Avium, vol. ii, p. 196, Oct. 1st, 1857, as synonym of melania Bp.

Oceanodroma townsendi Ridgway, Proc. U.S. Nat. Mus. vol. xvi, 1893, p. 687, Nov. 24th, 1893. Off the coast of Western Mexico, north of Cape St. Lucas and Guaymas.

Distr.: The Pacific Ocean along the American coast from 40° North to 7° -10° Sonth.

Breeding: Los Coronados, San Benito, Consag Rock, San Luis Archipelago, San Esteban Island and Isla Partida, Gulf of California.

Cymochorea melania matsudairae (Kuroda).

Oceanodroma melania matsudariae (sic.) Kuroda, Ibis, 1922, p. 311, April. Sagami Bay, Japan.

Distr.: The seas of Japan.

Breeding: Japanese islands off Sangmi Sea.

Cymochorea markhami Salvin (25-354). Grey-headed Fork-tail Petrel.

Cymochorea markhami Salvin, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. Oct. 1st, 1883, p. 430. Coast of Peru. Lat. 19° 40′ S., long. 75° W. (Fig. Godman, pl. 7.)

Distr.: West Coast of South America from Callao, Peru, to Chile.

Breeding: Not known.

Cymochorea [markhami] owstoni M. & I. (25–352). Japanese Grey-headed Forktail Petrel.

Cymochorea owstoni Mathews & Iredale, Ibis, July 1915, p. 581. Akinose, Sagami Sea, Japan.

Distr.: Japan and some islands south, to the Hawaiian Archipelago.

Breeding: Japan and Hawaiian Archipelago.

Cymochorea castro castro (Harcourt) (25-350). Madeiran Fork-tail Petrel.

Thalassidroma castro Harcourt, Sketch of Madeira, p. 123, 1851. Deserta Island, near Madeira, (Fig. Godman, pl. 5.)

Thalassidroma jabe-jabe Barbosa du Bocage, Jorn. Sci. Math. Phys. e Nature, Lisboa, vol. v, no. 18, p. 120, for June 1875 (before Jan. 1876). Raza Island, Cape Verde Island.

Distr.: South Atlantic Ocean and Madeira, Canaries, etc., to the Gulf of Guinea. Accidental to Pennsylvania and District of Columbia, United States of America.

Breeding: Cape Verde Islands, Salvages, Madeira, Azores and St. Helena.

Cymochorea castro cryptoleucura Ridgway (25-350).

Cymochorea cryptoleucura Ridgway, Proc. U.S. Nat. Mus. vol. iv, p. 337, March 29th, 1882. Kauai, Sandwich Islands, (Fig. Dresser, ix, pl. 718.)

Thalassidroma cryptoleuca Ogilvie Grant, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. iv, p. xxxv, May 31st, 1895, new spelling only.

Distr.: Sandwich Islands.

Breeding: Sandwich Islands (Kauai, Mühau and French Frigate Shoals).

Cymochorea castro bangsi (Nichols).

Oceanodroma castro bangsi Nichols, Auk, vol. xxxi, July 1914, p. 389. Lat. 1° W., long. 93° W.

Distr.: Seas of Galapagos Islands.

Breeding: Pacific Ocean Galapagos Archipelago (Cowley Island) (Cocos Island?).

Sub-family OCEANITINAE. Long-legged Storm Petrels.

Genus **OCEANITES** Keys. & Blasius.

Oceanites Keyserling & Blasius, Wirbelth, Europa's, p. xciii, 1840 (before April). Type (by monotypy):

Tholassidroma wilsoni Bonaparte = Procellaria oceanica Kuhl.

Oceanites oceanicus oceanicus (Kuhl) (25-358). Yellow-webbed Storm Petrel.

Procellaria occanica Kuhl, Beitr. Zool, vergl. Anat. Zweite Abt. p. 136, 1820 (pref. April 9th). South Atlantic Ocean. (Fig. Gould, Austr. vii, pl. 65; Godman, pl. 12.)

Procellaria wilsoni Bonaparte, Journ. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad. vol. iii, 1823, p. 231, pl. ix, Jan. 1824.
Newfoundland.

Oceanites oceanicus chilensis, W. B. Alexander, Birds Ocean, p. 86, 1928, nude name.

Distr.: The Atlantic, the British Islands to Canada (Newfoundland and Resolution Island in Hudson Straits), and south to the breeding-places.

Breeding: South Georgia; South Orkney and South Shetland Islands.

Oceanites oceanicus exasperatus Mathews.

Oceanites oceanicus exasperatus Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 11, pl. 68, May 30th, 1912. New Zealand Scas. (Fig. Math. pl. 68.)

Distr.: The Indian Ocean to the Arabian Sea; Pacific Ocean, Australia and New Zealand Seas to the west coast of North America, California (Monterey to San Francisco).

Breeding: Cape Adare and Robertson Bay, South Victoria Land; Kaiser William Land; Queen Mary Land; Adelie Lands, and King George V Land.

Oceanites gracilis gracilis (Elliot) 25-361. Graceful Storm Petrel.

Thalassidroma gracilis Elliot, Ibis, 1859, p. 391, Oct. West coast of (South) America. (Fig. Godman, pl. 13.)

Procellaria americana, "American Petrel" Latham, Gen. Hist. Birds, vol. x, p. 189, 1824.

Distr.: Coast of Chile to the Line.

Breeding: Not known.

Oceanites gracilis galapagoensis Lowe.

Oceanites gracilis galapagoensis Lowe, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. xli, p. 140, July 5th, 1921. Charles Island, Galapagos Archipelago.

Distr.: Seas of the Galapagos Archipelago.

Breeding: Galapagos Archipelago.

Genus PELAGODROMA Reichenb.

Pelagodroma Reichenbaeh, Nat. Syst. Vögel, p. iv. 1852 (1853). Type (by original designation): Procellaria marina Latham,

Pelagodroma marina marina (Latham) (25-362). White-faced Storm Petrel.

Procellaria marina Latham, Index Ornith. vol. ii, p. 826 (before Dec. 9th), 1790. Sonth Atlantic Ocean. (Fig. Godman, pl. 15.)

Proceellaria) aequorea Gray, Gen. Birds, vol. iii. p. 648, June 1844: as synonym of Pelagordoma marina (Latham). Both names were founded on the same description. Ex Solander MS.

Not P. aquerea Kuhl, Beit. Zool. Vergl. Anat. Zweite Abt. p. 138, 1820 (pref. April 9th), which may be grallaria?

Distr.: The South Atlantic, below the Tropic of Capricorn.

Breeding: Tristan da Cunha Group (Nightingale Island).

Pelagodroma marina hypoleuca (Moquin-Tandon).

Thalassidroma hypoleuca Monquin-Tandon, in Webb, Berthelot and Moquin-Tandon, Orn. Canarienne, vol. ii, p. 45, 1841. Teneriffe, Canary Islands. (Fig. Dresser, ix, pl. 719.)

Distr.: North-east Atlantic, North of the Line; to the British Islands and four hundred miles off the coast of New Jersey (lat. 40° 34′ N., long. 66° 09′ W.).

Breeding: Cape Verde and Salvages Islands.

Pelagodroma marina dulciae Mathews.

Pelagodroma marina dulciae Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 21, May 30th, 1912. Breaksea Island, off Albany, Sonth-west Australia. (Fig. Gould, vii, pl. 61; Math. pl. 70.)

Pelayodroma marina howei Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 26, May 30th, 1912. Mud Island, Vietoria (breeding).

Distr.: The Southern Australian Seas.

Breeding: S.W. Australia; small Islands off Cape Leeuwin; Abrolhos Islands (East Wallaby; Rat Island). In Victoria in Bass Strait; Furneaux Group (Isabella Rock), Petrel Island; Mud Island in Port Phillip Bay; Three Hummock, Penguin and Stack Islands in the Hunter Group; Islands off New South Wales (Tollgate, Tom Thumb, Five and Broughton Islands).

Pelagodroma marina maoriana Mathews.

Pelagodroma marina maoriana Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 24, May 30th, 1912. Chatham Islands,

Distr.: Chatham Islands and New Zealand seas.

Breeding: Various islands off the coast of New Zealand, Mokohinau, Noises, Alderman; Motunau; islands off Steward Islands; Chatham, and Auckland.

Pelagodroma marina passerina (Mathews).

Procellaria passerina Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 24, May 30th, 1912. Kermadec Islands (ex Solander MS.).

Distr.: Seas of Kermadec Islands.

Breeding: Kermadee Islands.

Genus NESOFREGETTA Mathews.

Nesofregetta Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 31, May 30th, 1912. Type (by original designation): Fregetta moestissima Salvin.

Nesofregetta albigularis albigularis (Finsch) (25-367). White-throated Storm Petrel.

Procellaria albigularis Finsch, Proc. Zool. Lond. 1877, p. 722, April 1st, 1878. Kandavu, Fiji Islands. (Fig. Godman, pl. 9.) Cf. Murphy, Amer. Novit. no. 124, p. 11, 1924 (foot, fig. p. 12.)

Fregetta amphitrite Mathews, Syst. Av. Austral. vol. i, p. 108, June 13th, 1927 (as alternative name for albigularis Finsch). Ex Jardine, Mém. Soc. Imp. Sci. Cherbourg, vol. vi, 1858, p. 172, 1859. (Marquesas Islands), nude name.

Distr.: Mid Pacific, from a little north of the Line almost if not quite to the Tropic of Capricorn.

Breeding: Christmas Island; Phoenix Group; New Hebrides (Kandavu and Aneityum); Marquesas Group.

Nesofregetta albigularis moestissima (Salvin) (25-367).

Fregetta moestissima Salvin, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. p. 130, June 1st, 1879. Samoan Island. (Fig. Godman, pl. 20.)

Distr.: Samoa Seas if not extinct.

Breeding: Samoa if not extinct.

Genus GARRODIA Forbes.

Garrodia Forbes, Collected Sci. Papers Garrod, p. 521 (footnote), 1881 (pref. June 24th). Type (by original designation): Thalassidroma nereis Gould.

Garrodia nereis nereis (Gould) (25-361). Grey-backed Storm Petrel.

Thalassidroma nereis Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. 1840, p. 178, July 1841. Bass Strait, Australia. (Fig. Gould, Austr. vii, pl. 64; Math. pl. 69; Godman, pl. 14.)

Procellaria saltatrix Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 16, May 30th, 1912. New Zealand. Procellaria longipes Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 17, May 30th, 1912. New Zealand.

Distr.: New Zealand seas and to South-eastern Australia.

Breeding: Auckland and Chatham Island; Tomahawk Island, Otago Peninsula, New Zealand (and Bounty Islands (?)).

Garrodia nereis chubbi (Mathews).

Oceanites nereis chubbi Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 18, May 30th, 1912. Falkland Islands.

Distr.: Seas off South America, as far as Gough Island, Atlantic Ocean.

Breeding: Falkland Islands; South Georgia.

Garrodia nereis couesi (Mathews).

Oceanites nereis couesi Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 18, May 30th, 1912. Kerguelen.

Distr.: Seas around Kerguelen, Indian Ocean.

Breeding: Kerguelen.

Genus FREGETTA Bp.

Fregetta Bonaparte, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Paris, vol. xli, p. 1113, Dec. 31st, 1855. Type (by original designation): Thalassidroma leucogaster Gould.

Cymodroma Ridgway, Mem. Mus. Comp. Zool. Harvard (Water-Birds, North America, vol. ii), vol. xiii, pp. 363, 418, 1884 (introd. March 31st). Type (by monotypy): Thalassidroma leucogaster Gould.

Fregetta tropica tropica (Gould) (25-364). Black-bellied Storm Petrel.

Thalassidroma tropica Gould, Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. vol. xiii, p. 366, May 1st, 1844. Atlantic Ocean. (Fig. Mathews, Nov. Zool. 1933, pls. 8 and 9.)

Distr.: Atlantic Ocean, North and South of the Line.

Breeding: Ascension Island (?), Atlantic Ocean.

Fregetta tropica melanogaster (Gould).

Thalussidroma melanogaster Gould, Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. vol. xiii, p. 367, May 1st, 1844. South Indian Ocean (St. Paul and Amsterdam Islands.) Gould, Birds Austr. pt. xxvi, vol. vii, pl. 62, March 1st, 1847: fig. Math. pl. 71; Godman, pl. 17; Emu, xxii, pls. 26 and 29.

Fregetta tubulata Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 42, May 30th, 1912. (Ex Gould's MSS.). "Near the coasts of West Australia." (Fig. Math. Lord Howe, pls. 5 and 10.)

Distr.: South Indian Ocean to West Australia; and South Atlantic.

Breeding: Kerguelen Island, Indian Ocean; South Orkneys, South Georgia and the Falklands, Atlantic Ocean.

Fregetta tropica australis Mathews.

Fregetta tropica australis Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. ii, p. 86, Sept. 24th, 1914. New Zealand.

Distr.: The Pacific Ocean from Australian and New Zealand Seas to Peru. Breeding: New Zealand (Auckland and Bounty Islands).

Fregetta leucogaster leucogaster (Gould) White-bellied Storm Petrel.

Thalassidroma leucogaster Gould, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. vol. xiii, p. 367, May 1st, 1844. Lat. 36° S., long. 6° 47′ E. (between Tristan da Cunha and the Cape of Good Hope). (Fig. Gould, pt. xxvi, vol. vii, pl. 63, March 1st, 1847, and Godman, pl. 18, Dec. 1907.)

? Proc(ellaria) fregetta Kuhl, Beit, Zool. Vergl. Anat. Ornithologie, p. 138, 1820 (pref. April 9th). Off Montevideo, South America. Not P. fregata L. 1766, p. 212, indeterminable.

Procellaria aquerea Kuhl. ib. as synonym.

Distr.: The Atlantic, Indian and Pacific Oceans below the 35° South. Breeding: Not known.

Fregetta leucogaster deceptis Mathews.

Fregetta leucogoster deceptis Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. lii, p. 146, June 28th, 1932. Off New Zcaland. (Fig. Mathews, Nov. Zool. 1933, pls. 7 and 9.)

Distr.: Seas off New Zealand.

Breeding: Not known.

Genus FREGETTORNIS Mathews.

Fregettornis Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. i, p. 31, May 30th, 1912. Type (by original designation): Procellaria grallaria Vieillot.

Fregettornis grallaria grallaria (Vieillot) (25–366). White-fringed Storm Petrel.

Procellaria grallaria Vieillot, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat. vol. xxv, p. 418, Dec. 26th, 1818. Australian Seas, error = Sonth America (restricted to Juan Fernandez). (Fig. Gould, Austr. vii, pl. 63; Math. pl. 72; Godman, p. 18; Emu, xxii, pls. 26-27.)

[? P(rocellaria) aquerea Kuhl, Beit. Zool. vergl. Anat. zweite abt. p. 138, 1820 (pref. April 9th), as synonym of P. fregatta "Banks" Kuhl, ib. ? equals grallaria V.]

Distr.: Eastern Pacifie, below the Tropic of Capricorn from the type locality to the north and south.

Breeding: Santa Clara, Goat Island, Masatierra and Masafuera in the Juan Fernandez Groups.

Fregettornis grallaria royana Mathews.

Fregettornis royanus Mathews, Austrol Av. Rec. vol. ii, no. 5, p. 86, Sept. 24th, 1914. Lord Howe Island. (Fig. Mathews' Suppl. pls. 5 to 10.)

Fregettornis innominatus Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. ii, no. 7, p. 124, Jan. 28th, 1915. Lord Howe Island. (Pls. 6 and 10.)

Fregettornis insularis Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. ii, no. 7, p. 124, Jan. 28th, 1915. Lord Howellsland. (Pls. 5 and 10.)

Fregettornis alisteri Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. ii, no. 7, p. 124, Jan. 28th, 1915. Lord Howe Island. (Pls. 7 and 10.)

Cymodroma howensis Mathews, Birds Norfolk and Lord Howe Islands, p. 11, Oct. 16th, 1928. Lord Howe Island. (Fig. pls. 8 and 10.) For review, see Mathews, loc cit. pp. 7-12.

Distr.: South Pacific Ocean around the breeding locality.

Breeding: Lord Howe Island.

Fregettornis grallaria guttata (Mathews).

Fregetta guttata Mathews, Nov. Zool. vol. xxxix, no. 1, pp. 45 and 46, Oct. 23rd, 1933. Huapu Island, Marquesas Group. (Foot fig. Ibis, July 1933, pl. 18.)

Distr.: Seas around the Marquesas Group.

Breeding: Marquesas Group, Eastern Paeifie Ocean.

Fregettornis grallaria titan (Murphy).

Fregetta grallaria titan Murphy, Amer. Mus. Nov. no. 322, p. 4, July 14th, 1928. Rapa Island Austral Group.

Distr.: Seas around Rapa. Breeding: Rapa Island.

Fregettornis grallaria tristanensis Mathews.

Fregeltornis grallaria tristanensis Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. lii, p. 123, April 30th, 1932. Tristan da Cunha, Atlantic Ocean.

Distr.: Seas around the Tristan da Cunha Group.

Breeding: Tristan da Cunha, South Atlantie Ocean.

Fregettornis melanoleuca (Salvadori). Black and White Storm Petrel.

Fregetta melanoleuca Salvadori, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. xxi, p. 79. April 27th, 1908. Tristan da Cunha. (Fig. Mathews, Nov. Zool. 1933, pls. 4 and 9.)

Distr.: Seas around Tristan da Cunha.

Breeding: Probably breeding on Tristan da Cunha.

Genus PEALEA Ridgway.

Pealea Ridgway, Auk, July 1886, p. 334. Type (by original designation): Thalassidroma lineata Peale.

Pealea lineata (Peale) (25-364). Lined Storm Petrel.

Thalassidroma lineata Peale, U.S. Expl. Exped. p. 293, 1848, in or before Oct. Upolu, Samoa. (Fig. Mathews, Nov. Zool. 1933, pls. 6 and 9, and Cassin, pl. 39.)

Distr.: Seas around Samoa.

Breeding: Samoa (if not extinct).

Genus PEALEORNIS Mathews.

Pealeornis Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. lii, p. 132, May 28th, 1932. Type (by original designation): Pealeornis maoriana Mathews.

Pealeornis maoriana Mathews. Peninsula Storm Petrel.

Pealeornis maoriana Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. lii, p. 132, May 28th, 1932. Bank's Peninsula. (Fig. Godman, pl. 16, Mathews, Nov. Zool. 1933, pls. 5 and 9.)

Distr.: Seas to the South of New Zealand.

Breeding: Banks Peninsula, east coast of South Island, New Zealand.

Family Pelecanoideidae. Diving Petrels.

Genus PELECANOIDES.

Pelecanoides Lacepède, Tabl. Ois, p. 13, 1799. Type (by "implication"): Procellaria urinatrix Gmelin.

Haladroma Illiger, Prodr. Mamm. & Av. p. 274 (pref. April) 1811. Type (by monotypy): P. urinatrix Gmelin.

Onocralus Rafinesque, Analyse Nature, p. 72, 1815. New name for "Pelecanoides Lac."

Pelecanoides urinatrix urinatrix (Gmelin) (25-437). Diving Petrel.

Procellaria urinatrix Gmelin, Syst. Nat. vol. i, pt. ii, p. 560, April 20th, 1789. Queen Charlotte's Sound, South Island, New Zealand. (Fig. Gould, vii, pl. 60; Godman, pl. 86.)

Pr(ocellaria) tridactyla Kuhl. Beitr. Zool. vergl. Anal. zweite. abt. p. 145, 1820 (pref. April 9th), as synonym of urinatrix Gm. (This name occurs in A Voyage round the world, Forster, p. 189, 1777, pref. March 1st, as a nude name.)

Distr.: Seas of Cook Strait, New Zealand.

Breeding: Stephen Island, Cook Strait, New Zealand.

Pelecanoides urinatrix belcheri Mathews.

Pelecanoides urinatrix belcheri Mathews, Austral Av. Rec. vol. i, p. 84, Sept. 18th, 1912. Victoria. (Fig. Mathews, ii, pl. 94.)

Pelecanoides urinatrix chathamensis Murphy & Harper, Bull. Amer. Mus. Nat. Hist. vol. xxxv, p. 65, April 1st, 1916. Chatham Islands. (Fig. Math., ii, pl. 94.)

Distr.: Seas of Southern Australia and New Zealand.

Breeding: Cliff Island of Wilson's Promontory; North-east Island Bass Strait; Mokohinau, Hen and Chickens, Three Kings, Great Barrier, Karewa and Alderman Islands; and islands off Stewart Island. The Chatham, Auckland and Snares Islands and perhaps Macquarie Island, New Zealand.

Pelecanoides urinatrix berard (Gaimard).

Procellaria Berard Gaimard, Bull. Gén. et Univ. Ann. et Nouv. Sci. vol. iii, no. 7, p. 53, after June 9th, 1823. Near the Falkland Islands.

Procellarius falklandicus Quoy and Gaimard, Yoy, Uranie and Physic, Zool. p. 136, Sept. 18th, 1824.
Falkland Island (cf. Ibis 1933, p. 541, and Birds Australia, vol. ii, p. 239, Sept. 20th, 1912).

(Haladroma) melanoleuca Bonaparte, Comptes Rendus Acad, Sci. Paris, vol. xlii, p. 769, April 28th, 1856, as synonym of berard, ex Cuvier.

(Pelecanoides) tenuirostris Gray, Handlist Gen, Sp. Birds B.M., vol. iii, p. 102, Aug. 18th, 1871, as synonym of berardi Q, and G, ex Eyton,

Distr.: Seas around the Falkland Islands and northwards along the east coast of South America to Bahia Blanca.

Breeding: Falkland Islands.

Pelecanoides urinatrix dacunhae Nicoll.

Pelecanoides dacunhae Nicoll, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. xvi, p. 103, July 10th, 1906. Tristan da Cunha,

Distr.: Tristan da Cunha and Gough Islands.

Breeding: Tristan da Cunha.

Pelecanoides urinatrix coppingeri Mathews.

Pelecanoides urinatrix coppingeri Mathews, Birds Austr., vol. ii, pt. 3, p. 238, Sept. 20th, 1912. Straits of Magellan. Type from Cockle Cove, Pilot Island, Trinidad Channel, Chile.

Distr.: Seas of Chile.

Breeding: Trinidad Channel (?), Chile.

Pelecanoides urinatrix exsul Salvin (25-438).

Pelecanoides exsul Salvin, Cat. Birds Brit. Mus. vol. xxv, p. 438, 1896 (pref. Dec. 16th), 1895, Kerguelen Island. (Fig. Godman, pl. 87.)

Distr.: Indian Oeean, the seas around Kerguelen and to the Crozets [Auckland Islands, New Zealand?].

Breeding: Kerguelen (Crozet Island?).

Genus PUFFINURIA Lesson.

Puffinuria Lesson, Man. d'Orn, vol. ii, p. 392, June 1828. Type (by original designation and monotypy): P. garnotii Lesson.

Puffinuria garnotii Lesson 25-438. Puruvian Diving Petrel.

Puffinuria Garnotii Lesson, Man. d'Orn. vol. ii, p. 394, June 1828, Coast of Peru, between Isla San Gallan and Lima. (Fig. Godman, pl. 88.)

Puffinuria garnotii lessoni Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. iii, p. 239, September 20th, 1912. Coast of Chile.

Distr.: Coastal waters of South America from Lobos de Terra, Peru to Valparaiso, Chile.

Breeding: Northern Peruvian Islands, Pescadores Islands, 8 miles off Ancon; Chincha Islands and San Gallan Island off Pisco, Peru.

Genus **PORTHMORNIS** M. & II.

Porthmornis (subgen.) Murphy and Harper, Bull. Amer. Mus. Nat. Rist. vol. xlix, art. xviii, p. 502, fig. 2 b, p. 503 (in key); p. 513, December 23rd, 1921. Type (by monotypy): Puffinaria garnotii magellani Mathews.

Porthmornis magellani (Mathews). Magellan Diving Petrel.

Puffinuria garnotii magellani Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. iii, p. 239, September 20th, 1912.
Straits of Magellan.

Distr.: Seas of the south of South America. Chilian, Fuegian and Patagonian coastal and inland waterways, from Cape Horn, north on the Pacific side of the continent to Trinidad Channel, and on the Atlantic side to Puerto Deseado, Province of Santa Cruz, Argentina.

Breeding: Islands off Magellan Straits, London and Hermite Islands, Chile.

Genus PELAGODYPTES M. & H.

Pelagodyptes Murphy and Harper, Bull. Amer. Mus. Nat. Hist. vol. xliv, art, xviii, p. 502, fig. 2, c: p. 503, in Key; p. 519, Dec. 23rd, 1921. Type (by monotypy): Pelecanoides georgica M. & H.

Pelagodyptes georgicus (M. & H.). South Georgian Diving Petrel.

Pelecanoides georgica Murphy & Harper, Bull. Amer. Mus. Nat. Hist. vol. xxxv, art. vii, p. 66. April 1st, 1916. Cumberland Bay, South Georgia, lat. 54° 16′ S., long, 36° 26′ W.

Distr.: Seas around South Georgia [and Macquarie Islands?].

Breeding: South Georgia [and Macquarie Islands?].

INDETERMINABLE.

The following names appear to be indeterminable.

Procellaria fregata Linné, Syst. Nat. ed xii, vol. i, p. 212, 1766 (pref. May 24th). Habitat, in Oceano. Procellaria fuliginosa Gmelin, Syst. Nat. vol. i, pt. ii, p. 562, April 20th, 1789. Tahiti.

Procellaria diomedea Scopoli, Annus Hist, Nat, 1. p. 74, 1769. No locality. This is not Ardenna kuhli as some thought.

Procellaria curilica Pallas, Zoogr. Rosso-Asiat. vol. ii, p. 314, 1811. Kurile Islands.

Procellari munda Kuhl, Beit, Zaol, Yergl. Anat, zweite, abt. p. 148, 1820 (pref. April 9th). Lat. 48° 27′, long, 93° = South Pacific, off Chile.

Procellaria parvirostris Peale, U.S. Explor. Exped. vol. viii, Birds, p. 298, 1848 (in or before October).
Honden Island, of the Dangerous Archipelago (in August).

Puffinus bicolor Tschudi, Journ. f. Ornith. May 1856, p. 187, Sala-y-Gomez and Waihu.

Fregetta lawrencii Bonaparte Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Paris, vol. xlii, p. 769, April 28th, 1856. Florida, U.S.A

Procellaria punctata Ellman, Zoologist 1861, p. 7463. Cf. Coues 1866, p. 162, as synonym of Daption.
Oceanodroma tristrami Salvin, Cat. Birds Brit. Mus. vol. xxv, p. 354, (pref. Dec. 16th, 1895) 1896.
Sendai Bay, Japan.

Pterodroma sordida (Math.).

Procellaria sordida Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 162, July 31st, 1912. S.E. of Pitcairn. Island.

Pterodroma agilis (Math.).

Procellaria agilis Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 152, July 31st, 1912. South of Easter Island.
Pterodroma siliga Mathews, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, vol. xlvii, p. 40, Nov. 6th, 1926, new name for agilis Mathews, 1912, not Gray 1871.

Distr.: Seas of Easter Island.

Pterodroma velificans (Math.).

Procelluria velificaus Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 161, July 31st, 1912. South of Easter Island.
Distr.: Well south of Easter Island.

Pterodroma atrata (Math.).

Procellaria atrata Mathews, Birds Austr. vol. ii, pt. ii, p. 163, July 31st, 1912. Piteairn Island, S. lat. 25° 21′, long, E. 129°.

Distr. : Piteairn Island.

SUPERFAMILIES

Nestrils not divided by the eulmen . Nostrils divided by the enlmen

el. Bill all yellow; axillaries narrow e. Bill variegated; axillaries broad

a*. Bill shorter than head; ungus divided from nasal tubes; nasal tubes less than hait the length of the exposed enfmen, b. Bill short and stout, about as deep as wide at hase; its greatest depth very nearly half the total length of the exposed culmen; depth from base of gonys to top of unguis about as deep as at the base; unguis short, robust and very being not one-third. Nostrils partially visible from above. Tail feathers 12 or 14,

. Diomedeoidea

. Procellarioidea

F. rodgersi convex and separated from the nasal tubes by a narrow space measuring much less than half the length of the tubes Fulmarus

F. glacialis

Nestrals divided by the column Sostrals not alwaded by the colu

Wara very long; notries opening in the outeror end of the herizontal most titles.

B. Xand these friends by the critical in the context of the herizontal most titles.

R. Xand there is not on a vertical or the long parton of the cultural hand to the culture for the cultural hand to the cultural hand to

As Wings very slitt. nestrils opening upwards, as parallel longitalized state very large of the cubinst. No band too, agreement Stemme entre and considerably longer than wells, maintainin of forculum very small, recovereds long meros, basally, and early parallel, baspiterypoids present; no authors muscle. The formula is A.X. whoch is equalled only in this respect by Bidoreau.

DIOMEDBIDAE ACBATROSSES

a) Tail rounded and removern extinct bugginding proves.
b) Latercent and develobly whosels at the lower, and the upper manifole non-purposed at the base.
c) Earliers at the base of the lower manifole extending beyond the base of the most tubes.
d) Narrounes eved in adaps and pointed bereated beyond the base of the most tubes.
d) Surrounes a cond in shape and pointed bereated beyond the base of the most tubes.
e) Foothers at the base of the lower manifole are extending beyond the lose of the most tubes.
e) Bill over 130 mm at length of an equal to or longer thin the modellete as and or and or an anal electric such the compressed in base; introcents affects, most operancy and and electric and by cartuily vasible from above; calmor should be must observe that the lower of the lower of the lower than the man and electric tube the from above; calmor more than 10 mm, where then the tail of Bill shorter than the tail or the long and the lower calmor than another than another than another the Bill delectre (100 to 100) in accordance compressed at lose and much butmare than another t

P. athatras

4) toward colour souty that k above and below
of theoret below not souty that k above and below
e. Under surface unitous white.
E. Head and next by those k bees and char.
E. Head and next by those k, bees and char.
E. Head and next by those k, bees and char.
E. Head and next by thinds; bees olde
e. Tuler surface wavel or vermounted like the raper surface; bees not druk.
Laternorm describly wells of the hose and the upper normally composed at the base
of. Union and detersorm separated baselity by a tim norminous
of. Philmore and laternorm separated baselity by a thus marrienne.
d. Orlinous and leave roam of under normalitie yellow, remoniter his k, sold
d. Orlinous and leave roam of under normalitie by a thus marrienne.
e. Laternorm hold
e. Laternorm both
E. Bill blue-grey
E. Bill blue-grey
E. Bill blue-grey
E. Bill yellowsh

durk back. 2. Lateries in dack, of "Valumisors protect bossily." Test wedge skaped and removers with bragatioheal groove.
P. Eak of the Self-Back designing the ords colorised board from the Fe. Rack of new death, like the boat and has it, subsequence yields.

PROCELLARIDOAE Sublamines

Garys ascending the month below the monthluder rouns.

B. Inner ade of apper monthle exthent fring, the proC. Nartra separated by a fun seption

C. Nartra separated by a that & seption

C. Nortra separated by a that & seption

B. Inner side of apper manufole with fring-like process

Strucking proceeding, and doctor than the usual takes. Tail feathers 12-14 or 10. Nestrik separated by a thin seption, which is well conceased within the opening of the usual takes. Tail feathers 12-14 or 10. Nestrik separated by a thin seption, which is takered or degreesed, where the order to the degree of the separated or the taker of the separated or taker or the taker of the separated or taker or the separated or taker or the separated or the

The Sill bouger than level; ungue speragua from mass tubes with no intervening space; must take longer than bett the forest of exposed culture. Noticins not vashe from above. Bill bong and soon, deeper flow who of the longer Tail Marginetics for the state of the st

Proxella as

Star variety backed and longer than the most tubes, test brathers 12. North durshed by a than visible negitum. Inner only of upper anomalish workings due precessor, was the test for formation with variety due precessor. Since the solicy formation and with distinct white Landin enhancing beared. In this case, which is a Landin branching to the more or bear and proposal alonged, to plant. Landin the most expressing a distinct of the solicy of the s

e. Bill compressed at how, where it is deeper how wide, dright at how nearly three times the length of colline. Upgins separated from the most tubes by a space very much greater than the length of the tubes, entring edge of ball sengith.

Parhypilla estlala Hitapinen desolutus

Fulmerpram enemo Pseudopron turtue Heteropron befehen On Change classed in apparent of commensure interesteds unforthered space.

B. Mandelmake runn very necked and conforms a betweenlike includered space.

B. Mandelmake runn very necked and conforms a betweenlike forthered space.

B. Mandelmake runn very necked at the conforms of a conform of the conforms and the conforms and the conforms of the conf

derited when they were plane. In epomophory the metrocraws are barrels. Doplar debased tall at the base distance it in a second order to the characters separate them. They went afforces has a light redement bit. The unmorring in explone and its antiquents book as though they built been d.
 With a digper mandalo at the loss, allowing 25 min, a second of 35 or less.
 The immutary of allottes and aggress are indicate sorts this k but the bulk of one. The addit imprise has white appear and under talks covered. Nasal opening single, septum dividing the nostrils not visible: second primary longest: sternum entire.

SUBEAMILY THALASSIDROMINAE Short-legged Storm Petrels

	e. Larger: wing 181 mm.	c². Smaller: wing 153 mm.			. F. grallaria royana 🕇
	ŀ	•		•	•
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ere re re					
the state of the s	ŀ				٠
200					
0.00			d2. Base of the second, third and fourth outer tail feather white on the inner web only.		
TOING!			r wel		
200			inne		
7777	ľ	٠	the	٠	•
2110	٠	٠	te on	٠	
46.24 11.72	٠		r whi	e ¹ . Wing 156-I70 mm. (average 166). Generally larger	e ² . Wing 158-168 mm. (average 162). Generally smaller
11771	ŀ		eathe	y larg	y smg
177			tail fo	nerall	nerall
10.1.1			uter	Gel	Ge
			irth o	166).	162).
ı	ı		d for	rage	rage
ı	nm.	mm.	rd an	(ave)	(ave
ı	181	153	thin.	mm.	mm.
	ving	wing	buos	-170	-168
	Pr: V	ler:	he se	156	. 158.
	Large	Smal	e of t	Wing	Wing
	er.	C	Base	P. 1-9	75
			d.		

* In castro the tail (70 mm.) is less than half the length of the wing (157) and forked for less than 12 mm.; tarsus shorter than the middle toe and claw.

TAMIN THAT ASSISTED AND ASSISTED TO STAND THAT SET OF STANDARD AND ASSISTED ASSISTED

C. The continuous white the social d. First qual about equal to the tined. We're think:

R. Operation white far and blund from the continuous and the continuous and the continuous continuous descriptions and the continuous description of the con treanntes trentus a freuntes eventus a freuntes gentra.
Technoria manuna er Promonderns lankn Pedra treata.
Progella trensposter Freight trensposter Freight trensposter.
Freight trensposter. Pekinjukyptes yeorgia Pelciumades urmatrik a subspecies Uglocyfdena moenw (Hydrobates or) (pelaywa Puffeneria yarnotie uni Poethmoenis nugellan . Newforgetta
N. a. abaydara
N. a. moratsama
M. other Storm Petrel Tethyan lethys Lounchina mehn Pelayodroma n A. Upper that the desired the best than 12 mm.; tail measurement meet then that the wing.

at. Tail taked the less than 12 mm.; tail measurement meet then that the wing.

b. White that coverts under with back; central cover at black taped with a late.

b. White that coverts more man 22 mm,; and measurement meet then that the wing in the wing.

C. White that coverts meet with with disably shalts, central coverts say by

A. A pole area on the meet vang coverts, wing less than 122 mm; taxans less than 22 mm.

A. A pole area on the under wing coverts.

B. Read and that on the under wing coverts.

B. Read and that on the under wing coverts.

C. Wing under than model to cover all printing-most, taxans much less than twice the brack of the value of "Wing under the mostly covered coverts with printing that of the variety of the variety of "Upper and coverts with a their parts," Lesses heavy and the treas should mad be one without a first parts, there wend in the interpreted, because their and character, there will not take the taxans that the value of the value o at. There wise and antero-pretenary flattened (uteres depressed is unaque); bond point of mobile free much longer than the reconnected of the bea and of the beat than the remarked of the beat of the and of the beat than the beat than the remarked of the beat which will be an included by the state of the beat beat the beat than the beat than the beat the beat of the beat the beat than wile.

1) There are exceeding the models become that where the beat the beat of the beat the beat the beat than wile.

2) Expected chimes also flat the beat the beat the beat the state of the beat than wile.

3) There is a beat than the length of the models to be the beat than the beat than the beat than the length of the models to be the beat that the beat the beat than the length of the models the beat that the beat than the length of the models the models that the beat that the beat than the beat that the beat the 14. Thesis around equal to achieve their mindle two and clow (or if greater wing ever 163 mm.) wing over 113 to 12s in lower-loss). That more then light the right of the wing every in acquestion, etc. (133 to 12s in lower-loss). That is considered and the engine of trees above and the expense and means semiloped and transit the engine of trees above, there is energy typics are long as the clouder to many larger than every state below, with breast band. Tentes one and a half mass the length of the entirest of the desired half and a state of the length of the entirest. 16. Tail weige shared.
16. Tail weige shared.
16. Tail deckel, and the than 12 mm.; upper tail coverts white; ware under 145 mm.
16. Tail deckel can meet than 12 mm., upper tail coverts uniform with rest of plinnings; wing over 145 mm.
16. Tail deckel can meet than 12 mm., upper tail coverts uniform with rest of plinnings; wing over 145 mm.
Ten meet than half the bagth of the ware, except in notion and codes, to show one of than; except in home dreat, which is sometimes 15 fee and class; except in home dreat, which is sometimes 15. rm Petrels. At Upper tail coverts and white,

at Larger, want over 165 mm.

b. Head colour uniterm with balk; tail less than balf the want; i turns tweer the culment.

b. Head colour uniterm with balk; tail less than balf the want; i turns considerably less than tware the culment.

c. Smaller, wang noder 165 mm, an more than balf the want; i turns considerably less than tware the culment.

c. Smaller, wang under want water wang coverts asky, legs and reck smaller.

b. Head uniform with back; under wang coverts soody black, legs and feet larger

Smaller, but the diagram Petrils.

Smaller, wang the considerable that the culment of the colour properties of the colour properties. remain above and behat.

Indicate white.

There describe the control of the min, tail less than half the length of the wang.

There describe the min is min, tail less than half the length of the wang.

There describe the mindle to end of the control of the wang of the control of the wang.

However for more than 15 min, and wang it no there than half the length of the wang.

Where apper tail coverts uniform as the wall closely admits, resurted over the lank, tapped as the bate.

Where apper tail coverts uniform where with closely admits, central two its only indicates the white. General Seed is unique); boost point of mobile tow FAMILY PELECANOUDEDAM DISING PORT overte with a study putch, turans heavy, toes stead and long overte without a drab patch, legs and feet small and debeate only bluck, turous tower the length of the culture, turous le FAMILA THALASSIDROMIDAE [Alternative Kiny] Subraniay Thalassipitominae short legged or the under wang coverts.

So the nines was coverts.

On the nines was covered.

On the nines was only think, but plumbers, to construct the think but the ninelite to construct the angle to the nine.

Sort On nine. SCHELBILK CCEANTRIAGE Long-legical Secondaries ten. Leg bones longer than wing bones; tarens at least twice as long as fer about equal length. Bill duretter Haar Joseff (not) as wake or valer than deep).

Namel operating, more transpoler to adopt; proceedad from the strongly developed.

Namel operating, more from govern in shape; proceedad from some strongly developed.

Namel operating more from govern in shape; proceedad from the govern et an outer single.

P. Marchbuller runn developing at a world single.

S. Marchbuller runn developing at a world single.

S. Marchbuller runn ground etf there from the single must converging a second and therefrom the single must converging as Green
(Free)

4. Tail bot bridged, wing under 145 mm.

5. Tail bot bridged, wing under 145 mm. d) Tentralective free than 12 nm apper tail cavets a pro-may amore 15 nm.
d). Tentralective near 18 nm. apper tail cavet day,
d). Tentralective near tan 20 nm. apper tail cavet day
d) and refer to many appear 19 nm.
d). That weige shaped
d). Tail weige shaped
d). Tail weige shaped a). Colour above and below not uniform, Geey above, white bolion band on close 84, Colour above and below miltern. b), Geey bove and below b), Bicksish brown above and below, C. I gipte tail coverbe white.

	. Pterodroma arminjomana . Pterodroma hasitata	. Pterodroma maegillivrayi Domodroma curilibuea	. Prepare surveys	ail Pterodroma macroptera out Pterodroma aterrima	(dark) Pterodroma mollis deceptornis brown, Pterodroma neglecta		. Bulneria
Gamys hooked, and longer than the masal tubes; tail feathers 12. Nostrils separated by a thin septum, which is wholly or partially concessed inside the opening of the masal tubes. Inner side of upper mandible without fringe-like processes. A. Hind claw very large, equal in length to the masal tubes; plumage white; culmen less than half as long as middle toe and claw; tail even a. Bill small a. Bill large A. Hind claw small; plumage of upper parts not white; culmen more than half as long as middle toe and claw; tail graduated. A. Hind claw small; plumage of upper parts not white; culmen more than half as long as middle toe and claw; tail graduated.	B. Depth of bill at shahlowest part tess than one-time one regard to part below the commissure uniform with the head	b. Reast and abdomen dark. e. Tail less than half as long as wing. d. Wing under 240 mm.	e. Upper tail coverts white e. Upper tail coverts white f. Bill wide at gape. f. Inner webs of primaries not white. Bill and tarsus of about equal length.	nore than 270 mm. tail graduated for	20-30 mm. 12. Back of neck and back slaty-grey 13. Inner webs of primaries more or less white; bill shorter than tarsus. 14. Lover tail coverts dark. Under wing lining dark; middle toe and claw over 50 mm. 15. Lover tail coverts dark. Under wing lining shafts to primaries; axillaries blackish brown.	fringed with white fringed with white is Back and scapulars slaty-grey; dark shafts to the primaries; axillaries dark with white tips is Back and scapulars slaty-grey; dark shafts to the primaries; under ht. Lower tail coverts chiefly white; back grey or slaty-grey; dark shafts to the primaries; under with grey; wing lining and inner webs of primaries quite white; axillaries white, some barred with grey;	niddle toe and claw under 30 mm. 12. Bill much compressed: general aspect of plumage slaty-grey; no white on primaries . 13. Tail more than half as long as wing; wing 190 to 240 mm.

SCOPERMON BULLWEIGHTS WE The Goodly 18 trade

Prevelenna cottata pare Prepalenna mexpedata Prevalenna brevenders Bulaven Previdensa caebban Pterstrona millis Pterstrona lexion C. e. oreadolis C. e. eseku C. e. defilippuna C. e. pyredli C. I. binonptera C. I. manifucta Pterstoma Codalaria coda Coronallaria C. I. Irrentpea C. c. marripon Conkilaria leo C. L. broupos 11. I, bangarost 1 Estrelata -Cookularus Dapollo F. mer P. confessi Continen Frontes with contain make on nearly availances and under cover's mostly white Property of Construction of the Construction of beset:

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g Excellent decreases which is the part below the commence unitering with the bound

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of Tail loss than half as long or wing.

Freatest and alcohomed ords

of Wing more 240 mm.

of Wing cover 240 mm.

I have worked from white

of Upper rail covering white

of Upper rail covering make 401, and half only mode ratify struct, wing more than 270 mm., trail graduated for along produce unitering make 401, and half only wing box than 364 mm., trail graduated for along produce unitering make 401, and half way storic, wing box than 364 mm., trail graduated for along 120.20 mm. [4] Back of red and back shirty grey, the charter than taxons, a fact of non-control and control and control and control and the control and contro P. Comp. Manages of apper parts and white collinear more than half, asloing as middle frowing class and J. planages of apper parts and white collinear more than half, as formulated, and become class of a single field as defined and associated as the state of the first controlled. The state of the single field as the state of the of by action septime whether wheely or obtain fines the processors or their buff is long as nebble to enmeete ft. Wil mee't than half as feng as

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B. Space between the most three after the most on the mass of the particle of the most between the most three after the most of the mos	thomson cinora
[2] Nexal this and bevelok been staticulines, and necessive than at losse, intersects becally expanded, leaves parts another or bully who. Wing very 200 mm. Let Tablewelledly scales shaped, these shaped the wilding of the state of the three controls in the control of the scale of the state of the scales o	Calmetrax li acomo las Tritania Talenna gravis
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	.1. kuhh vinardar A. kuhh Revreitus .1. kuhh berahs
mform dark saoty b dark slatts (hight) (dark) beselfy exported, ms, Alphupuffinos	. Інбевна стеніррыя
and Rendolidie. Wing matter flow and ever 220 mm, and more than there times the length of the tool, tool a lettle more than a wave the length of the town.	Prefficies
d. Under full devorte wholly or almost enterly white, apper parts sorty ones or our ment, in the Sakes of meet not devel per devel per chipped. [Arger] ed. Sakes of meet not devel be enterly endinged.	P. puffinus puffinus P. puffinus averculari
	P. puffinus maurdani
	P. pulhnus opisthennels P. pullinus yelkunan
	P. puffinus puffinus P. puffinus auracularis
	F. puffinis mauretum P. puffinis opiethoned
twee the length of e length of the toil	P. puffinis yelkonan Alphapuffinis and Re- Reachobbu yanu
artwice the length	. Uphapuffinus . A., kesarodka
 Upper authere varying between slaty and slaty bluck, mure webs of primaries largely white, made theories medity white. Describes on the more surface and maceured with white. Describes on the more surface and maceured with white. 	A. usspults
. 172 mm	A. a. haroli. A. a. nesimilis A. a. kermules
Рас ант.; а уставе	A. a. francys. A. a. kemps
ton sammand be set	.I. a. elegans and .I. a .I. themuneri .I. I benevata
of the chest, dark	. L. P. Melarre
the chest, no clark	A The Control of the
	A. I. hardows
	. I. phynesiae 1. F. phynesiae
. Ball above, 22 6 to 27, average 69 the feathers margined as tripped with white or brown that strips above the eye.	A. t. gunar
	A. l. hannermant.
of below. In the culture, intersect basely expanded, and light coloured, tip of bull blackash solid levels with the culture, needed, detained, vooled from terror, betericum not lineally expanded, beter deep week. The culture, needed in the levels were the culture and the stim that the benefit of the way.	Истрифиня саепер
A. Whete on hely and admixture of white on charmond throat d. No white on hely, chan or thought, indercedure, i betreated d. No white on the hely, chan or throat is hereafted the culture, d. Total more than first runes the french of the culture, which is 20-31 num.	.Uphapaffinus heswid Acrogalais natiwidita
ail less than three times the Colmen poer 36 (38-47): Colmen pader 36 (29-35)	Разапесіны уғысна
wider than in prisens, welke shaped and near is aniform stody.	Numerins tenniralist Thychotroma T. parificus
offs, sailares white, ander tabenvers white address three, and traces to the tabenvers that benow	T. paceficus. T. buller. T. reneutus
Or Namid takes bevoiled, nontrib vanide from above. B. Cathing edge of ball highly conneyer, and takes not depressed; therefore decadedly broadly expansively tad presset but where the bright of the collines. Wene over 500 mm.	
 e. Bird basedour. d. Tarons above than enfiner. Indipate coloured, and a triff-less than half the length of the wang. d. Tarons lenger than colour. Individuely coloured, and a triff-lenger than one that the length of the wang. d. Tarons lenger than colour. In the length of the wang of the length of the length of the wang. e. But uniform node; A talling-then the length of the ware on the developity beauly expanded; a wag under 	Calmirettis Ardenna Piempaffinas
Aga man. c. Herls incidented c. Herls incident awdy. 1. Twis and form	Puffinist trictuding A
 Tables than one-thart the length of the waw. Tables than one and a half truse benefit that the trans. Tail more than one and a half time benefit that the trans. Tail more than one of a tail time benefit that the trans. The more than one than the length of the wing and more than tware the length of the tenus, and there times the length of the column. The valence hand, and the length of the wing and three times that of its trans, producted for all Tail valence, hand it is all the length of the wing and three times that of its trans. 	Neuroltas Paranetris Meranhas
 introducing anapper, one at the person. introducing a negotial at the person of the foreign and between knot edwards, the ball of the form. introducing key foreign and the person of the light breaken. 	Thychstrona r is shorter as a rale

BREEDING IN THE SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE

Diomedea exulans. Diomedea epomophora. Phoebastria irrorata. Thalassarche melanophris. Thalassarche bulleri. Thalassogeron chrysostoma. Nealbatrus chlororhunchus. Diomedella cauta. Phoebetria palpebrata. Phoebetria fusca. Macronectes giganteus. Daption capensis. Priocella antarctica. Thalassoica antarctica. Pagodroma nivea. Cookilaria cooki. Cookilaria leucoptera. Pterodroma macroptera. Pterodroma lessoni. Pterodroma incerta. Pterodroma rostrata. Pterodroma inexpectata. Pterodroma macgillivrayi. Pterodroma melanopus. Pterodroma brevirostris. Pterodroma heraldica.

Halobaena caerulea. Pachytila vittata. Attaprion desolatus. Heteroprion belcheri. Pseudoprion turtur. Procellaria aequinoctialis. Procellaria parkinsoni. Adamastor cinerea. Ardenna gravis. Ardenna creatopus. Hemipuffinus carneipes. Reinholdia gavia. Paranectris griseus. Neonectris tenuirostris. Oceanites oceanicus. Oceanites gracilis. Pealeornis maoriana. Fregetta tropica. Fregetta leucogaster. Pealea lineata. Fregettornis grallaria. Fregettornis melanoleuca. Garrodia nereis. Tethysia tethys. Bannermania hornbyi. Pelecanoides urinatrix. Puffinuria garnoti. Porthmornis magellani. Pelagodytes georgia.

BREEDING IN THE NORTHERN HEMISPHERE

Phoebastria albatrus.
Phoebastria nigripes.
Phoebastria immutabilis.
Fulmarus glacialis.
Bulweria bulwerii.
Pterodroma hasitata.
Pterodroma caribbaea.
Calonectris leucomelas.
Ardenna kuhli.

Puffinus puffinus.

Pterodroma neglecta.

Pterodroma magentae.

Pterodroma externa.

Pterodroma arminjoniana.

Thalassidroma pelagica.
Hylocyptena microsoma.
Oceanodroma furcata.
Cymochorea leucorhoa.
[Cymochorea monorhis.]
Cymochorea homochroa.
Cymochorea macrodactyla.
Cymochorea markhami.
Cymochorea owstoni.
Cymochorea melania.

BREEDING IN THE NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN HEMISPHERES

Pterodroma alba.
Pterodroma mollis.
Pterodroma phacopygia.
Alphapuffinus assimilis.
Alphapuffinus therminieri.

Microzalias nativitatis.
Thyellodroma pacificus.
Pelagodroma marina.
Nesofregetta albigularis.
Cymochorca castro.

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aterrima (Pterodroma), 163.

atlantica (Diomedella), 157.

- (Procellaria), 163, 189.

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